

ANNUAL REPORT

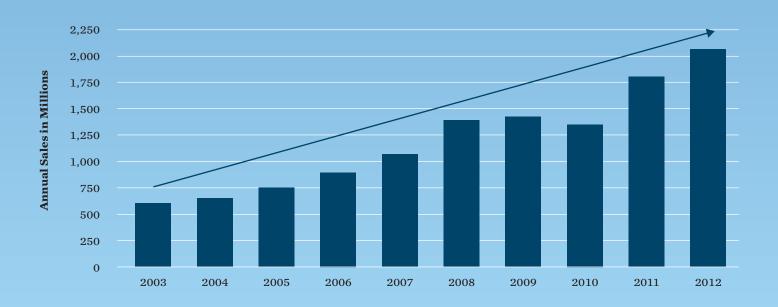
# Selected Financial Highlights

For the Year Ended May 31,

In thousands except per share data  $\,$ 

	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Operating performance					
Net sales	\$2,064,998	\$1,805,112	\$1,352,151	\$1,423,976	\$1,384,919
Net income attributable to AAR	67,723	69,826	44,628	56,772	68,158
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	\$1.65	\$1.73	\$1.16	\$1.45	\$1.71
Financial position					
Working capital	590,046	497,975	521,642	596,894	564,932
Total assets	2,195,653	1,703,727	1,500,181	1,375,905	1,359,263
Total debt	792,184	437,159	428,507	381,478	413,378
Stockholders' equity	866,022	835,289	746,350	696,734	650,867

# Ten-Year Sales Growth



AAR's sales for fiscal year 2012 were a record \$2.1 billion, rising 14.4% from the prior year and breaking through the \$2 billion mark for the first time in the Company's history. This growth reflects a 32.4% increase in sales to commercial customers compared to fiscal 2011, largely on the strength of our Aviation Supply Chain and Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul businesses, as well as contributions from acquisitions. Sales to government and defense customers decreased 1.9% for the fiscal year, as we missed operating targets at our Airlift business and reduced our profit expectations for the KC-10 Extender Contractor Logistics Support program. Net income for fiscal 2012 was \$67.7 million, or \$1.65 per diluted share. In fiscal 2011, net income was \$69.8 million, or \$1.73 per diluted share.

# STRENGTHENING MARKET LEADERSHIP THROUGH ACQUISITIONS

We completed three meaningful acquisitions in fiscal 2012 that will make AAR more valuable to global customers, improve our competitive position and provide enhanced value for AAR's stockholders. In October, we acquired Airinmar Holdings Limited, a sophisticated repair, outsourcing and warranty claims manager based in the United Kingdom. Airinmar greatly strengthens our supply chain offerings by expanding AAR's high-value repair management capabilities, expanding our global presence and providing new resources to help customers and our own businesses operate more efficiently.

In December, we acquired Telair International and Nordisk Aviation Products. Telair is a tier-1 original equipment provider that designs, manufactures and supports cargo loading systems for certain Airbus and Boeing platforms. Its systems are installed on more than 4,000 aircraft worldwide, generating substantial aftermarket spares and support activity. Nordisk designs and manufactures pallets and cargo containers for commercial airlines and is a strong complement to our military container and pallets manufacturing business. In total, Telair and Nordisk contributed \$119 million in sales during the second half of the fiscal year.

In January, we completed an offering of \$175 million of 7.25% senior unsecured notes. We used the proceeds to repay part of the borrowings we incurred under our revolving credit facility to fund these acquisitions and provide additional capacity to support our business going forward.

# EXPANDING OUR CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIPS

During the year, we launched a number of new customer relationships while expanding our business with existing customers:

- ➤ Signed a 10-year contract to provide component repair and management services for Alaska Airlines' fleet of Boeing aircraft.
- Became an exclusive worldwide distributor for Unison Industries, a leading provider of electrical components, sensors and systems.
   Increased monthly shipments from 700 to more than 5,700 items.
- Signed a new, three-year contract to manufacture nearly 6,000 Nordisk containers for Emirates Airlines.
- ▶ Logged 4.3 million MRO man-hours on nearly 1,000 aircraft—a 26% increase over the prior year.
- Passed the U.S. Army's first article testing for our new, innovative Lightweight Multipurpose Shelter (LMS).
- Renewed Airlift contracts with the U.S. Department of Defense. Conducted nearly 20,000 flights, transporting approximately 386,000 passengers and 48 million pounds of mail and cargo.

We also earned several industry awards and accolades that reflect the quality and service that our industry has come to expect from AAR. We were named Parts Supplier of the Year and ranked as the #5 MRO provider in the world by Airline Economics magazine in an annual survey of more than 11,000 senior-level aviation and investment executives. We were also voted Best MRO in the Americas by industry professionals in Aircraft Technology Engineering & Maintenance magazine's annual awards program. Two of our operating

facilities earned Boeing Gold Performance Excellence Awards, achieving superior performance ratings every month during the program year. Eight of our repair facilities earned the Federal Aviation Administration's (FAA) Diamond Certificate of Excellence. We also were recognized as one of the Top 100 Defense Contractors in the world, a *G.I. Jobs* Top 100 Military Employer and an Outstanding Component Repair Provider by NATO.

# POSITIONED FOR LONG-TERM PERFORMANCE

AAR's customers continue to operate in an extremely challenging environment, faced with global economic weakness, high fuel prices and declining government budgets. Notwithstanding, airlines and government agencies still need to operate and maintain their fleets, generating substantial demand for high-quality, efficient and lower-cost maintenance and supply solutions.

We are very encouraged by our current mix of capabilities and how the Company is positioned to capitalize on industry dynamics, which include both an aging military fleet and a growing commercial airline fleet. We have an excellent line-up of businesses, and providing innovative solutions that enable customers to accomplish more with less is a hallmark of our Company.

As we begin our new fiscal year, we continue to innovate and execute to help our customers achieve their goals—and to become a more integral part of their success. We are sharply focused on generating cash to pay down debt related to our recent acquisitions and reduce our leverage. And, we remain committed to the development of our employees and to generating value for our stockholders.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the 6,700 men and women of AAR for their dedication and commitment to excellence as they work intelligently and tirelessly to earn the confidence and trust of our customers every day. We also deeply appreciate the sound judgment and active engagement of our Board of Directors.

We look forward to rewarding our stockholders by delivering solid performance and value in the coming year and well into the future.

Sincerely,

David P. Storch

David P. Stoul

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Timothy J. Romenesko

President and Chief Operating Officer

During 2012, AAR continued to do what we do best: staying close to our customers; providing innovative solutions; and delivering quality, cost-effectiveness and value in commercial and government/defense sector operations.

# **AVIATION SUPPLY CHAIN:**

# 28% OF SALES

Sales in this segment include the Company's logistics, distribution, component repair, inventory management and leasing activities that help customers reduce costs and increase aircraft availability.

- ▶ Supply chain solutions
- Aircraft and engine parts supply
- Component repair
- · Aircraft and engine sales and leasing

# MAINTENANCE, REPAIR & **OVERHAUL (MRO): 21% OF SALES**

Sales in this segment include a full range of aviation support services-from scheduled maintenance and structural repairs to reengineering aircraft interiors—that enable customers to operate their fleets efficiently and safely.

- Aircraft maintenance and modifications
- Landing gear, wheel and brake services
- ▶ Engineering services
- > Technical services

# **GOVERNMENT & DEFENSE SERVICES: 27% OF SALES**

Sales in this segment include a variety of specialized services to support vital defense, government and humanitarian operations around the world.

- Expeditionary airlift
- Supply logistics
- Specialized aircraft modifications
- > Command and control systems and technical services

# STRUCTURES & SYSTEMS:

# 24% OF SALES

Sales in this segment include the design and manufacture of aerospace structures, shelters and cargo systems that support activities such as mobilizing and sustaining troops, handling cargo, and machining structural aircraft components.

- Specialized mobility products
- ▶ Cargo systems and products
- ▶ Precision machining and fabrication
- ▶ Composite structures

# CORPORATE OFFICERS

#### David P. Storch

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

#### Timothy J. Romenesko

President and Chief Operating Officer

#### Michael K. Carr

Vice President, Tax and Assistant Treasurer

#### Peter K. Chapman

Vice President, Chief Commercial Officer

#### John M. Holmes

Group Vice President, Supply Chain

#### Cheryle R. Jackson

Vice President, Government Affairs and Corporate Development

#### Dany Kleiman

Group Vice President, Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul

#### Kevin M. Larson

Vice President, Chief Information Officer

# Randy J. Martinez

Group Vice President, Government and Defense Services

### Richard J. Poulton

Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

#### David E. Prusiecki

Vice President, Defense Programs

#### Robert J. Regan

Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

# Michael J. Sharp

Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer

#### Timothy O. Skelly

Vice President, Chief Human Resources Officer

# Terry D. Stinson

Group Vice President, Structures and Systems

# Donald J. Wetekam

Senior Vice President, Government and Defense Business Development

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

# David P. Storch 3-Chairman

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, AAR CORP.

# Norman R. Bobins 1,2

Non-Executive Chairman, The PrivateBank and Trust Company—Chicago

# Michael R. Boyce 2,4

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, PQ Corporation Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, The Peak Group

#### James G. Brocksmith, Jr. 1,2

Independent Business Consultant Retired Deputy Chairman and Chief Operating Officer, KPMG LLP

# Ronald R. Fogleman 2,4-Chairman

President and Chief Operating Officer, B Bar J Cattle and Consulting Company General, U.S. Air Force (Ret.)

# James E. Goodwin 1-Chairman, 3, 4

Chairman, Federal Signal Corporation Retired Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, UAL, Inc. and United Airlines, Inc.

# Patrick J. Kelly 1,4

Managing Director, KMK & Associates, LLC

#### Peter Pace 2,4

General, U.S. Marine Corps (Ret.) Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff (Ret.)

# Timothy J. Romenesko

President and Chief Operating Officer, AAR CORP.

# Marc J. Walfish 1,3,4

Founding Partner, Merit Capital Partners

# Ronald B. Woodard 1, 2-Chairman

Chairman, MagnaDrive, Inc. Retired President, Boeing Commercial Airplane Group

#### Honorary

#### Ira A. Eichner

Founder and Chairman of the Board Emeritus

- 1 Member of Audit Committee
- 2 Member of Compensation Committee
- 3 Member of Executive Committee
- 4 Member of Nominating and Governance Committee

# **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# EODM 10 IZ

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(Mark One)  Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(c	
For the fiscal ye	ear ended May 31, 2012 or
☐ Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 1	15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period	od from to
Commission	file number 1-6263
	R CORP.  cant as specified in its charter)
Delaware	36-2334820
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	Dale Road, Wood Dale, Illinois 60191 cutive offices, including zip code)
Registrant's telephone number	r, including area code: (630) 227-2000
	uant to Section 12(b) of the Act:
Title of Each Class	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, \$1.00 par value	New York Stock Exchange Chicago Stock Exchange
Common Stock Purchase Rights	New York Stock Exchange Chicago Stock Exchange
Securities registered pursuan	nt to Section 12(g) of the Act: None
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known Yes $\boxtimes$ No $\square$	own seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not requires $\square$ No $\boxtimes$	nired to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act.
	s filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the nonths (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required ng requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $\boxtimes$ No $\square$
every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and po	bmitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any osted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding was required to submit and post such files). Yes $\boxtimes$ No $\square$
	ers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, edge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by at to this Form 10-K.
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.(Check one	ge accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting e):
Large accelerated filer $oximes$ Accelerated filer $oximes$	Non-Accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐ Smaller reporting company)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a Yes $\square$ No $\boxtimes$	shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
	lue of the registrant's voting stock held by nonaffiliates was of the Common Stock at November 30, 2011 as reported on the

On June 30, 2012, there were 40,167,070 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

# **Documents Incorporated by Reference**

Portions of the Company's proxy statement for the Company's 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be held October 10, 2012, are incorporated by reference in Part III of this report.

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#### PART I

# ITEM 1. BUSINESS (Dollars in thousands)

#### General

AAR CORP. and its subsidiaries are referred to herein collectively as "AAR," "Company," "we," "us," and "our" unless the context indicates otherwise. AAR was founded in 1951, organized in 1955 and reincorporated in Delaware in 1966. We are a diversified provider of products and services to the worldwide aviation and government and defense markets. We conduct our business activities primarily through seven principal operating subsidiaries: AAR Parts Trading, Inc.; AAR Aircraft & Engine Sales & Leasing, Inc.; AAR Services, Inc.; AAR Aircraft Services, Inc.; AAR Manufacturing, Inc.; AAR Airlift Group, Inc.; and AAR International, Inc. Our international business activities are conducted primarily through AAR International, Inc.

We report our activities in four business segments: (i) Aviation Supply Chain, comprised primarily of business activities conducted through AAR Parts Trading, Inc.; AAR Allen Services, Inc. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of AAR Services, Inc.); AAR Aircraft & Engine Sales & Leasing, Inc. and AAR International, Inc.; (ii) Government and Defense Services, comprised primarily of business activities conducted through AAR Parts Trading, Inc. and AAR Airlift Group, Inc.; (iii) Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul, comprised primarily of business activities conducted through AAR Services, Inc.; AAR Allen Services, Inc. and AAR Aircraft Services, Inc.; and (iv) Structures and Systems, comprised primarily of business activities conducted through AAR Manufacturing, Inc.

# **Aviation Supply Chain**

Activities in our Aviation Supply Chain segment include the purchase, sale, lease, repair and overhaul of a wide variety of new, overhauled and repaired engine and airframe parts and components and avionics, electrical, electronic, fuel, hydraulic and pneumatic components and instruments for our airline customers. We also provide customized inventory supply and management programs for engine and airframe parts and components in support of airline customers' maintenance activities. The types of services provided under these programs include material planning, sourcing, logistics, information and program management, and parts and component repair and overhaul. We are an authorized distributor for more than 100 leading aviation product manufacturers. On October 11, 2011, we acquired Airinmar Holdings Limited ("Airinmar"), a sophisticated repair, outsourcing and warranty claim manager based in the United Kingdom. We acquire aviation parts and components from domestic and foreign airlines, original equipment manufacturers, independent aviation service companies and aircraft leasing companies. From time to time, we also purchase aircraft and engines for disassembly into individual parts and components. These assets may be leased to airlines on a short-term basis prior to disassembly. The majority of our sales are made pursuant to standard commercial purchase orders but certain inventory supply and management program agreements reflect negotiated terms and conditions.

Activities in our Aviation Supply Chain segment also include the sale and lease of used commercial aircraft. Each sale or lease is negotiated as a separate agreement which includes term, price, representations, warranties and lease return provisions. Since 2008, our strategy has been to gradually reduce our investment in our joint venture and wholly-owned aircraft portfolio available for lease or sale to the commercial airline market. At May 31, 2012, the total number of aircraft held in joint ventures was 18 and two were wholly-owned.

As of the third quarter of fiscal 2012, we no longer reported the operating results of our Amsterdam component repair business as a discontinued operation. We made the decision to retain the operation after considering the results of our sales process and reviewing strategic alternatives for the business. As a result of this change in strategy, the operating results for the Amsterdam business have been reclassified from

discontinued operations and are reported in continuing operations for all periods presented and are not material to our financial position or results of operations.

#### **Government and Defense Services**

Activities in our Government and Defense Services segment include the business of AAR Airlift Group, Inc. ("Airlift") and our Defense Systems and Logistics and Integrated Technologies services businesses. We acquired Airlift, formerly known as Aviation Worldwide Services, in April 2010. Airlift is a leading provider of expeditionary airlift services to the United States and other government customers. Airlift provides fixed- and rotary-wing flight operations, transporting personnel and cargo principally in support of the U.S. Department of Defense, and performs engineering and design modifications on rotary-wing aircraft for government customers. Airlift operates a fleet of customized fixed-wing and rotary-wing aircraft, principally in Afghanistan, Northern Africa and the Western Pacific. Airlift holds FAR Part 133 and 135 certificates to operate aircraft and a FAR Part 145 certificate to operate a repair station. Airlift is also Commercial Aircraft Review Board certified with the U.S. Department of Defense.

In this segment, we also provide customized performance-based logistics programs in support of U.S. Department of Defense and foreign governments. The types of services provided under these programs include material planning, sourcing, logistics, information and program management, airframe maintenance and maintenance planning and component repair and overhaul. We also provide engineering, design and system integration services for specialized command and control systems.

#### Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul

Activities in our Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul ("MRO") segment include major airframe maintenance inspection and overhaul, painting services, line maintenance, airframe modifications, structural repairs, avionic service and installation, exterior and interior refurbishment and engineering services and support for many types of commercial and military aircraft. We also repair and overhaul landing gears, wheels and brakes for commercial and military aircraft.

We currently operate four airframe maintenance facilities and one landing gear overhaul facility. We have a long-term lease to occupy a portion of an aircraft maintenance facility in Indianapolis, Indiana (the "Indianapolis Maintenance Center" or "IMC"), which is owned by the Indianapolis Airport Authority ("IAA"). The IMC is comprised of 12 airframe maintenance bays, backshop space and warehouse and office space. Our lease with the IAA allows us to occupy up to ten of the maintenance bays and certain office space through December 2014, with a ten-year renewal option. We also operate aircraft maintenance facilities in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma and Miami, Florida and a regional aircraft maintenance facility in Hot Springs, Arkansas. In June 2012, we signed a lease agreement to occupy an airframe maintenance facility in Duluth, Minnesota. The initial term of the lease agreement is seven years, and we have five, five-year renewal option periods. We have a termination right, exercisable upon 180 days' notice, at any time during the initial seven-year term and option periods. We expect the Duluth facility to operate as a satellite of the IMC. In addition to our aircraft maintenance facilities, we operate a landing gear repair center in Miami, Florida where we repair and overhaul landing gear, wheels, brakes and actuators for different types of commercial and military aircraft.

In this segment, we purchase replacement parts from OEMs and other suppliers that are used in our maintenance, repair and overhaul operations. We have ongoing arrangements with OEMs that provide us access to parts, repair manuals and service bulletins in support of parts manufactured by the OEMs. Although the terms of each arrangement vary, they typically are made on standard OEM terms as to duration, price and delivery. When possible, we obtain replacement parts used in repair and overhaul activities from operating units in our Aviation Supply Chain segment.

# Structures and Systems

Activities in our Structures and Systems segment include the design, manufacture and repair of airdrop and other transportation pallets, and a wide variety of containers and shelters used in support of military and humanitarian tactical deployment activities. The containers and shelters are used in numerous mission requirements, including armories, supply and parts storage, refrigeration systems, tactical operation centers, briefing rooms, laundry and kitchen facilities, water treatment and sleeping quarters.

In this segment, we also design, manufacture and install in-plane cargo loading and handling systems for commercial and military aircraft and helicopters. We are a provider of complex machined and fabricated parts, components and sub-systems for various aerospace and defense programs and other applications, and we design and manufacture advanced composite materials for commercial, business and military aircraft. In this segment, sales are made to customers pursuant to standard commercial purchase orders and contracts. We purchase raw materials for this business, including steel, titanium, aluminum, extrusions and castings and other necessary supplies, from a number of vendors.

On December 2, 2011, we acquired Telair International GmbH ("Telair") and Nordisk Aviation Products, AS ("Nordisk"). Telair designs, manufactures and supports cargo loading systems for wide-body and narrow-body aircraft for both Airbus and Boeing and operates from facilities in Germany, Sweden and Singapore. Nordisk designs and manufactures heavy-duty pallet and lightweight cargo containers for commercial airlines from facilities in Norway and China.

#### **Raw Materials**

We historically have been able to obtain raw materials and other items for our inventories for each of our segments at competitive prices, terms and conditions from numerous sources, and we expect to be able to continue to do so.

#### **Terms of Sale**

In the Aviation Supply Chain, Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul, and Structures and Systems segments, we generally sell our products under standard 30-day payment terms. On occasion, certain customers (principally foreign customers) will negotiate extended payment terms (60-90 days). Except for customary warranty provisions, customers do not have the right to return products nor do they have the right to extended financing. For aircraft sales in Aviation Supply Chain, we sell our products on a cash due at delivery basis, standard 30-day payment terms or on an extended payment term basis, and aircraft purchasers do not have the right to return the aircraft. Our contracts with the U.S. Department of Defense and its contractors, U.S. Department of State and other governmental agencies are typically firm agreements to provide products and services at a fixed price or on a time and material basis, and have a term of one year or less, frequently subject to extension for one or more additional periods of one year at the option of the government customer.

# **Customers**

For each of our business segments, we market and sell products and services primarily through our own employees. In certain markets outside of the United States, we rely on foreign sales agents to assist in the sale of our products and services.

The principal customers for our products and services in the Aviation Supply Chain and Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segments are domestic and foreign commercial airlines, regional and commuter airlines, business and general aviation operators, original equipment manufacturers, aircraft leasing companies, domestic and foreign military organizations and independent aviation support companies. In the Government and Defense Services segment, our principal customers are the U.S. Department of Defense and its contractors, the U.S. Department of State, and foreign military organizations or governments. In the Structures and Systems segment, our principal customers include the U.S. Department of Defense and its contractors, foreign government and defense organizations, domestic and foreign passenger and freight airlines, original equipment manufacturers, large system providers and other industrial entities.

Sales of aviation products and services to our airline customers are generally affected by such factors as the number, type and average age of aircraft in service, the levels of aircraft utilization (e.g., frequency of schedules), the number of airline operators, the general economy and the level of sales of new and used aircraft. Sales to the U.S. Department of Defense, U.S. Department of State and other government agencies are subject to a number of factors, including the level of troop deployment worldwide, government funding, competitive bidding and requirements generated by world-wide geopolitical events.

# Licenses

We have 11 Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA") licensed repair stations in the United States and Europe. Of the 11 licensed FAA repair stations, six are also European Aviation Safety Agency ("EASA") licensed repair stations. Such licenses, which are ongoing in duration, are required in order for us to perform authorized maintenance, repair and overhaul services for our customers and are subject to revocation by the government for non-compliance with applicable regulations. Of the 11 FAA licensed repair stations, four are in the Aviation Supply Chain segment, one is in the Government and Defense Services segment, five are in the Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment and one is in the Structures and Systems segment. Of the six EASA licensed repair stations, two are in the Aviation Supply Chain segment and four are in the Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment. In our Government and Defense Services segment, we also hold FAR Part 133 and 135 certificates to operate aircraft. We also are Commercial Aircraft Review Board certified with the U.S. Department of Defense. We believe that we possess all licenses and certifications that are material to the conduct of our business.

# Competition

Competition in each of our markets is based on quality, ability to provide a broad range of products and services, speed of delivery and price. Competitors in both the Aviation Supply Chain and the Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segments include OEMs, the service divisions of large commercial airlines and other independent suppliers of parts and repair and overhaul services. Our manufacturing, machining and engineering activities in our Structures and Systems segment compete with a number of divisions of large corporations and other large and small companies. In our Government and Defense Services segment, our expeditionary airlift services activities compete with a few domestic government contracting companies and our performance-based logistic services activities compete with large domestic companies and other independent suppliers of these types of services. Although certain of our competitors have substantially greater financial and other resources than we do, in each of our four business segments we believe that we have maintained a satisfactory competitive position through our responsiveness to customer needs, our attention to quality and our unique combination of market expertise, and technical and financial capabilities.

### **Backlog**

At May 31, 2012, backlog believed to be firm was approximately \$928,700 compared to \$963,100 at May 31, 2011. These amounts do not include expected sales from the A400M cargo system (see

Item 1A—Risk Factors). The reduction in backlog from May 31, 2011 is due to lower backlog at the Company's mobility products business unit in the Structures and Systems segment. Approximately \$701,200 of our May 31, 2012 backlog is expected to be filled within the next 12 months.

#### **Employees**

At May 31, 2012, we employed approximately 6,700 persons worldwide, of which 460 employees are subject to a collective bargaining agreement. We also retain approximately 900 contract workers, the majority of whom are located at our airframe maintenance facilities.

#### Sales to Government and Defense Customers

Sales to global government and defense customers were \$930,409 (45.1% of total sales), \$948,317 (52.5% of total sales) and \$651,637 (48.2% of total sales) in fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Sales to branches, agencies and departments of the U.S. government and their contractors were \$888,489 (43.0% of total sales), \$893,066 (49.5% of total sales) and \$607,348 (44.9% of total sales) in fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Sales to government and defense customers are reported in each of our reportable segments (See Note 15 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements). Because such sales are subject to competitive bidding and government funding, no assurance can be given that such sales will continue at levels previously experienced. The majority of our U.S. government contracts are for products and services supporting U.S. Department of Defense logistics and mobility strategy, as well as for supplemental airlift services and are, therefore, subject to changes in defense and other governmental agency funding and spending. Our government contracts are subject to termination by the customer; in the event of such a termination we would be entitled to recover all allowable costs incurred by us through the date of termination.

#### **Available Information**

For additional information concerning our business segments, see Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Business Segment Information" in Note 15 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 8, "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data."

Our internet address is www.aarcorp.com. We make available free of charge through our web site our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and all amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish such material to, the Securities and Exchange Commission. Information contained on our web site is not a part of this report.

# ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The following is a description of the principal risks inherent in our business.

# We are affected by factors that adversely impact the commercial aviation industry.

As a provider of products and services to the commercial aviation industry, we are greatly affected by overall economic conditions of that industry. The commercial aviation industry is historically cyclical and has been negatively affected in the past by geopolitical events, high oil prices, lack of capital and weak economic conditions. In addition, as a result of these and other events, from time-to-time certain of our customers have filed for bankruptcy protection or ceased operation.

In calendar year 2008 and into 2009, demand for air transportation in the United States and abroad declined due to economic deterioration in the U.S. and other global economies. Although global economic conditions improved in the 2010 to 2012 period, the recovery has generally been sluggish in the U.S., and in many other developed nations. The impact of high fuel costs and the continued sluggish or weak world-wide economic conditions may lead airlines to reduce domestic or international capacity. In addition, certain of our airline customers have in the past been impacted by tight credit markets, which limited their ability to buy parts, services, engines and aircraft.

A reduction in the operating fleet of aircraft both in the U.S. and abroad will result in reduced demand for parts support and maintenance activities for the type of aircraft affected. Further, tight credit conditions negatively impact the amount of liquidity available to buy parts, services, engines and aircraft. A deteriorating airline environment may also result in additional airline bankruptcies, and we may not be able to fully collect outstanding accounts receivable. Reduced demand from customers caused by weak economic conditions, including tight credit conditions and customer bankruptcies, may adversely impact our financial condition or results of operations.

Our business, financial condition, results of operations and growth rates may be adversely affected by these and other events that impact the aviation industry, including the following:

- deterioration in the financial condition of our existing and potential customers;
- reductions in the need for, or the deferral of, aircraft maintenance and repair services and spare parts support;
- retirement of older generation aircraft, resulting in lower prices for spare parts and services for those aircraft;
- · reductions in demand for used aircraft and engines;
- increased in-house maintenance by airlines;
- high oil prices;
- future terrorist attacks and the ongoing war on terrorism;
- · future outbreaks of infectious diseases; and
- · acts of God.

Our U.S. government contracts may not continue at present sales levels, which may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

Our sales to branches, agencies and departments of the U.S. government and their contractors were \$888,489 (43.0% of consolidated sales) in fiscal year 2012 (See Note 15 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements). The majority of our U.S. government contracts are for products and services supporting U.S. Department of Defense logistics and mobility strategy, as well as for supplemental airlift services and are,

therefore, subject to changes in defense and other governmental agency funding and spending. Our contracts with the U.S. government, including the Department of Defense and its contractors, are typically agreements to provide products and services at a fixed price and have a term of one year or less, frequently subject to extension for one or more additional periods of one year at the option of the government customer. Sales to agencies of the U.S. government and their contractors are subject to a number of factors, including the level of troop deployment worldwide, competitive bidding, U.S. government funding requirements generated by world events, and budgetary constraints. Defense funding is currently facing pressure due to U.S. budget deficit challenges. In August 2011, Congress enacted the Budget Control Act ("BCA") of 2011 which reduces defense spending by \$487 billion over a ten-year period starting in fiscal 2012. Under the BCA, an automatic sequestration process was triggered when the Joint Select Committee on Deficit Reduction, a committee of twelve members of Congress, failed to agree on a deficit reduction plan for the U.S. federal budget. The sequestration is scheduled to commence on January 2, 2013, absent legislative or other remedial action. Of the \$1.2 trillion in reduced spending required by sequestration over the ten-year period beginning in fiscal year 2013, approximately \$50 billion per year would be borne by the Department of Defense. Whether or not sequestration goes into effect, we expect the defense budget to be reduced, which could adversely affect our results from operations and financial condition.

# Acquisitions expose us to risks, including the risk that we may be unable to effectively integrate acquired businesses.

We continue to grow through acquisitions. On December 2, 2011, we acquired Telair and Nordisk from Teleflex International. On October 11, 2011, we acquired Airinmar, a sophisticated repair, outsourcing and warranty claim manager based in the UK. We acquired Airlift, formerly known as Aviation Worldwide Services, in April 2010. Airlift is a leading provider of expeditionary airlift services to the United States and other government customers. Further, we explore and have discussions with third parties regarding additional acquisitions on a regular basis. Acquisitions involve risks, including difficulties in integrating the operations and personnel, the effects of amortization of any acquired intangible assets and the potential impairment of goodwill, and the potential loss of key employees of the acquired business. For our recent acquisitions, and for any businesses we may acquire in the future, we may not be able to execute our operational, financial or integration plans for the acquired businesses, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

#### We face risks of cost overruns and losses on fixed-price contracts.

We sell certain of our products and services to our commercial, government and defense customers under firm contracts providing for fixed unit prices, regardless of costs incurred by us. The cost of producing products or providing services may be adversely affected by increases in the cost of labor, materials, fuel, overhead and other unknown variants, including manufacturing and other operational inefficiencies and differences between assumptions used by us to price a contract and actual results. Increased costs may result in cost overruns and losses on such contracts, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

# Significant cost issues may develop in connection with the A400M cargo system.

In June 2005, we announced that our Cargo Systems business in our Structures and Systems segment was selected to provide cargo handling systems for the new Airbus A400M Military Transport Aircraft ("A400M"). We have incurred, and are expected to continue to incur, significant development costs in connection with this program (see Note 14 in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements). Our portion of revenue to be generated from this program is expected to exceed \$300 million through fiscal 2021, based on current sales projections for the A400M as provided to us by Airbus. Based on program delays and information provided by Airbus, planned first shipments under this program have slipped to late fiscal 2013 or early fiscal 2014. If the A400M experiences significant additional delivery delays or order cancellations, or if we fail to develop the system according to contract specifications, or if we fail to reach

agreement on the final negotiated price with Airbus due to changes in contract specifications, then we may not be able to recover our development costs, and our operating results and financial condition could be adversely affected.

# Success within our Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment is dependent upon continued outsourcing by the airlines.

We currently perform airframe maintenance, repair and overhaul activities at leased facilities in Indianapolis, Indiana; Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Miami, Florida; and Hot Springs, Arkansas. Revenues at these facilities fluctuate based on demand for maintenance which, in turn, is driven by the number of aircraft operating and the extent of outsourcing of maintenance activities by airlines. If either the number of aircraft operating or the level of outsourcing of maintenance activities declines, we may not be able to execute our operational and financial plans at our maintenance, repair and overhaul facilities, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

# We operate in highly competitive markets, and competitive pressures may adversely affect us.

The markets for our products and services to our commercial, government and defense customers are highly competitive, and we face competition from a number of sources, both domestic and international. Our competitors include aircraft and aircraft component and parts manufacturers, airline and aircraft service companies, other companies providing maintenance, repair and overhaul services, other aircraft spare parts distributors and redistributors, and other expeditionary airlift service providers. Some of our competitors have substantially greater financial and other resources than we have and others may price their products and services below our selling prices. These competitive pressures could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

# We are subject to significant government regulation and may need to incur significant expenses to comply with new or more stringent governmental regulation.

The aviation industry is highly regulated by the FAA in the United States and equivalent regulatory agencies in other countries. Before we sell any of our products that are to be installed in an aircraft, such as engines, engine parts and components, and airframe and accessory parts and components, they must meet certain standards of airworthiness established by the FAA or the equivalent regulatory agencies in certain other countries. We operate repair stations that are licensed by the FAA and the equivalent regulatory agencies in certain other countries, and hold certificates to operate aircraft. Specific regulations vary from country to country, although regulatory requirements in other countries are generally satisfied by compliance with FAA requirements. New and more stringent governmental regulations may be adopted in the future that, if enacted, may have an adverse impact on us.

If any of our material licenses, certificates, authorizations or approvals were revoked or suspended by the FAA or equivalent regulatory agencies in other countries, our results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected.

# If we fail to comply with complex procurement laws and regulations, we could lose business and be liable for various penalties or sanctions.

We must comply with laws and regulations relating to the formation, administration and performance of U.S. government contracts. These laws and regulations include the Federal Acquisition Regulations, the Truth in Negotiations Act, Cost Accounting Standards, and laws, regulations and orders restricting the use and dissemination of classified information under U.S. export control laws, and the export of certain products and technical information. In complying with these laws and regulations, we may incur significant costs, and non-compliance may result in the imposition of fines and penalties, including contractual damages. If we fail to comply with these laws and regulations or if a government audit, review or

investigation uncovers improper or illegal activities, we may be subject to civil or criminal penalties or administrative sanctions. Our reputation could suffer harm if allegations of impropriety were made against us, which could adversely affect our operating performance and may result in additional expenses and possible loss of revenue.

### The majority of Airlift's revenue is derived from providing expeditionary airlift services in Afghanistan.

Airlift derives most of its revenue from providing supplemental airlift in Afghanistan for the U.S. Department of Defense. The US and its allies are currently preparing to withdraw the majority of foreign combat troops by the end of calendar 2014. Although we expect significant ongoing demand for airlift services in Afghanistan from the U.S. Department of Defense and other governmental departments, we are exposed to the risk that our revenues at Airlift may decline, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. We are working to diversify our customer base to help mitigate potential reductions in the U.S. Department of Defense work in Afghanistan. Our inability to diversify our customer base could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

U.S. government contractors that provide support services in theaters of conflict such as Afghanistan have come under increasing scrutiny by agency inspector generals, government auditors and congressional committees. Investigations pursued by any or all of these groups may result in adverse publicity for us and reputational harm, regardless of the underlying merit of the allegations being investigated.

#### We are exposed to risks associated with operating internationally.

We conduct our business in certain foreign countries, some of which are politically unstable or subject to military or civil conflicts. Consequently, we are subject to a variety of risks that are specific to international operations, including the following:

- military conflicts, civil strife and political risks;
- export regulations that could erode profit margins or restrict exports;
- compliance with the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and other anti-bribery laws;
- the burden and cost of compliance with foreign laws, treaties and technical standards and changes in those regulations;
- contract award and funding delays;
- potential restrictions on transfers of funds;
- import and export duties and value added taxes;
- foreign exchange risk;
- transportation delays and interruptions; and
- · uncertainties arising from foreign local business practices and cultural considerations.

While we have and will continue to adopt measures to reduce the potential impact of losses resulting from the risks of doing business internationally, we cannot ensure that such measures will be adequate. There can be no assurances that the regions in which we operate will continue to be stable enough to allow us to operate profitably or at all.

# Market values for our aviation products fluctuate, and we may be unable to re-lease or sell aircraft and engines when their current lease expires.

We use a number of assumptions when determining the recoverability of inventories and aircraft and engines which are on lease or available for lease. These assumptions include historical sales trends, current and expected usage trends, replacement values, current and expected lease rates, residual values, future demand, and future cash flows. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we decided to offer one narrow body aircraft for sale from our wholly-owned aircraft portfolio and as a result, we recorded a \$5,355 pre-tax impairment charge to reduce the carrying value of the aircraft to its net realizable value. Reductions in demand for our inventories or declining market values, as well as differences between actual results and the assumptions utilized by us when determining the recoverability of our inventories, aircraft and engines, could result in additional impairment charges in future periods.

We lease aircraft and engines to our customers on an operating lease basis. Our ability to re-lease or sell these assets on acceptable terms when the lease expires is subject to a number of factors which drive industry capacity, including new aircraft deliveries, availability of used aircraft and engines in the marketplace, competition, financial condition of our customers, overall health of the airline industry and general economic conditions. During fiscal 2013, four 737-400 aircraft will be up for lease renewal. Our inability to re-lease these aircraft, or other aircraft and engines that are currently on lease, could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

# We are dependent upon continued availability of financing to manage our business and to execute our business strategy, and additional financing may not be available on terms acceptable to us.

Our ability to manage our business and to execute our business strategy is dependent, in part, on the continued availability of debt and equity capital. Access to the debt and equity capital markets may be limited by various factors, including the condition of overall credit markets, general economic factors, the state of the aviation industry, our financial performance and credit ratings. Debt and equity capital may not continue to be available to us on favorable terms, or at all. Our inability to obtain financing on favorable terms could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

#### Our existing debt includes restrictive and financial covenants.

Certain of our loan and debt agreements require us to comply with various restrictive covenants and some contain financial covenants that require us to comply with specified financial ratios and tests. Our failure to meet these covenants could result in default under these loan and debt agreements and may result in a cross-default under other debt agreements. In the event of a default and our inability to obtain a waiver of the default, all amounts outstanding under our debt agreements could be declared immediately due and payable. Our failure to comply with these covenants could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

# Our industry is susceptible to product and other liability claims, and claims not adequately covered by insurance may adversely affect our financial condition.

Our business exposes us to possible claims for property damage and personal injury or death which may result if an engine, engine part or component, airframe part or accessory or any other aviation product which we have sold, manufactured or repaired fails, or if an aircraft we operated, serviced or in which our products are installed crashes and the cause cannot be determined. We carry substantial liability insurance in amounts that we believe are adequate for our risk exposure and commensurate with industry norms. However, claims may arise in the future, and our insurance coverage may not be adequate to protect us in all circumstances. Additionally, we might not be able to maintain adequate insurance coverage in the future at an acceptable cost. Any liability claim not covered by adequate insurance could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

# Our business could be negatively affected by cyber or other security threats or other disruptions.

As a U.S. defense contractor, we face cyber threats, threats to the physical security of our facilities and employees, and terrorist acts, as well as the potential for business disruptions associated with information technology failures, natural disasters, or public health crises.

Cyber security threats are evolving and include, but are not limited to, malicious software, attempts to gain unauthorized access to our Company sensitive information, including our customers, suppliers, subcontractors and joint venture partners, and other electronic security breaches that could lead to disruptions in mission critical systems, unauthorized release of confidential or otherwise protected information and corruption of data.

Although we utilize various procedures and controls to monitor and mitigate these threats, there can be no assurance that these procedures and controls will be sufficient to prevent security threats from materializing. If any of these events were to materialize, the costs related to cyber or other security threats or disruptions may not be fully insured or indemnified and could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, operating results and financial condition.

# We must comply with extensive environmental requirements, and any exposure to environmental liabilities may adversely affect us.

Federal, state and local requirements relating to the discharge and emission of substances into the environment, the disposal of hazardous wastes, the remediation and abatement of contaminants, and other activities affecting the environment have had and may continue to have an impact on our operations. Management cannot assess the possible effect of compliance with future environmental requirements or of future environmental claims for which we may not have adequate indemnification or insurance coverage. If we were required to pay the expenses related to any future environmental claims for which neither indemnification nor insurance coverage were available, these expenses could have an adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition.

Future environmental regulatory developments in the United States and abroad concerning issues such as climate change, could adversely affect operations and increase operating costs and, through their impact on our customers, reduce demand. Actions may be taken in the future by the U.S. government, state governments within the United States, foreign governments, the International Civil Aviation Organization, or by signatory countries through a new global climate change treaty to regulate the emission of greenhouse gases by the aviation industry. The precise nature of any such requirements and their applicability to us and our customers are difficult to predict, but the impact to us and the aviation industry would likely be adverse and could be significant, including the potential for increased fuel costs, carbon taxes or fees, or a requirement to purchase carbon credits.

### We may need to make significant capital expenditures to keep pace with technological developments in our industry.

The industries in which we participate are constantly undergoing development and change, and it is likely that new products, equipment and methods of repair and overhaul services will be introduced in the future. We may need to make significant expenditures to purchase new equipment and to train our employees to keep pace with any new technological developments. These expenditures could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

# Our operations would be adversely affected by a shortage of skilled personnel or work stoppages.

Because of the complex nature of many of our products and services, we are dependent on an educated and highly skilled workforce. Furthermore, we have a collective bargaining agreement covering 460 employees. Our ability to operate successfully and meet our customers' demands could be jeopardized if we are unable to attract and retain a sufficient number of skilled personnel, including qualified licensed mechanics, to conduct our business, or if we experience a significant or prolonged work stoppage, and may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

# ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

Not Applicable.

#### ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

Our principal parts distribution activities for the Aviation Supply Chain segment are conducted from our headquarters in Wood Dale, Illinois, which we own subject to a mortgage. In addition to warehouse space, this facility includes executive, sales and administrative offices. We also lease facilities in Garden City, New York and London, England, and own a building near Schiphol International Airport in the Netherlands to support activities in the Aviation Supply Chain segment.

Our principal activities in the Government and Defense Services segment are conducted from our headquarters in Wood Dale, Illinois, which we own subject to a mortgage, and leased facilities in Jacksonville, Florida; Melbourne, Florida and Huntsville, Alabama.

Our principal activities in the Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment are conducted at facilities leased by us in Indianapolis, Indiana; Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Miami, Florida and Hot Springs, Arkansas.

Our principal activities in the Structures and Systems segment are conducted at facilities we own in Clearwater, Florida; Cadillac, Michigan and Goldsboro, North Carolina. We also lease facilities in Huntsville, Alabama; Cullman, Alabama; Lebanon, Kentucky; Sacramento, California; Miesbach, Germany; Holmestrand, Norway; Singapore, Republic of Singapore; Lund, Sweden and Kunshan, China.

We also operate sales offices which support all our activities and are leased in London, England; Melbourne, Australia; Paris, France; Rio de Janeiro, Brazil; Shanghai, China; Hong Kong, China; Tokyo, Japan; Abu Dhabi, UAE and Simi Valley, California.

We believe that our owned and leased facilities are suitable and adequate for our operational requirements.

# ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not a party to any material, pending legal proceeding (including any governmental or environmental proceedings) other than routine litigation incidental to our business.

### ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

# **Supplemental Item:**

# **EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT**

Information concerning each of our executive officers is set forth below:

Name	Age	Present Position with the Company
David P. Storch	59	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Director
Timothy J. Romenesko	55	President and Chief Operating Officer, Director
Richard J. Poulton	47	Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
Robert J. Regan	54	Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary
Michael J. Sharp	50	Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer
Terry D. Stinson	70	Group Vice President, Structures and Systems
Randy J. Martinez	57	Group Vice President, Government and Defense Services
Dany Kleiman	51	Group Vice President, Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul
John Holmes	35	Group Vice President, Aviation Supply Chain

**Mr. Storch** was elected Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer in October 2005. Previously, he served as President and Chief Executive Officer from 1996 to 2005 and Chief Operating Officer from 1989 to 1996. Prior to that, he served as a Vice President of the Company from 1988 to 1989. Mr. Storch joined the Company in 1979 and also served as president of a major subsidiary from 1984 to 1988. Mr. Storch has been a director of the Company since 1989.

**Mr. Romenesko** was appointed President and Chief Operating Officer effective June 1, 2007. Previously, he served as Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since 1994. He also served as Controller of the Company from 1991 to 1995, and in various other positions since joining the Company in 1981. Mr. Romenesko has been a director of the Company since 2007.

**Mr. Poulton** was appointed Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer effective June 1, 2007. Previously he served as Vice President of Acquisitions and Strategic Investments since joining the Company in September 2006. Prior to joining the Company, he spent ten years in the aviation industry and held senior executive leadership positions with UAL Corporation, including Senior Vice President of Business Development and Senior Vice President and Chief Procurement Officer for United Airlines, Inc.

**Mr. Regan** was appointed Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of the Company effective June 1, 2009. Previously he served as Vice President and General Counsel and prior to that as Associate General Counsel after joining the Company in February 2008. Prior to joining the Company, he was a partner at the law firm of Schiff Hardin LLP since 1989.

**Mr. Sharp** has served as Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer since 1999. Previously, he served as Controller of the Company from 1996 to 1999. Prior to joining the Company, he was with Kraft Foods from 1994 to 1996, and with KPMG LLP from 1984 to 1994.

Mr. Stinson has served as Group Vice President of Structures and Systems since joining the Company in July 2007. Previously, he was President of Commercial Operations for Thomas Group, an operational consulting firm, and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Xelus Inc. Prior to that he served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Bell Helicopter Textron, Inc. from 1991 to 2001 and before that held leadership positions with United Technologies Corporation ("UTC"), including President and Chief Executive Officer of Hamilton Standard, a UTC division, from 1986 to 1991.

Mr. Martinez was named Group Vice President, Government and Defense Systems on April 20, 2010. Previously he served as Senior Vice President, Government and Defense Programs after joining the Company in March 2009. Prior to joining the Company, he served as Chief Executive Officer of World Air Holdings, Inc. and prior to that, he had a distinguished 21-year career with the U.S. Air Force (Colonel retired and Command Pilot), most recently serving as Principal Adviser to the Chief of Staff of NATO's Strategic Planning Staff.

**Mr. Kleiman** was named Group Vice President, Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul on June 10, 2010. Previously he served as Vice President, Operations since joining the Company in September 2009. Prior to joining the Company, he held various leadership positions within the aerospace industry, most recently serving as President of a major airframe maintenance and modification company.

**Mr. Holmes** was named Group Vice President, Aviation Supply Chain on July 17, 2012. Previously, he served as General Manager and Division President of Allen Asset Management since 2003, and prior thereto in various other positions since joining the Company in September 2001.

Each executive officer is elected annually by the Board of Directors at the first meeting of the Board held after the annual meeting of stockholders. Executive officers continue to hold office until their successors are duly elected or until their death, resignation, termination or reassignment.

# PART II

# ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our Common Stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange and the Chicago Stock Exchange. On July 1, 2012, there were approximately 1,290 holders of Common Stock, including participants in security position listings.

On June 20, 2006 our board of directors authorized us to repurchase up to 1,500,000 shares of our common stock on the open market. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, we did not repurchase any shares under this program. The remaining authorization under this program totaled 611,022 shares at May 31, 2012. This program was replaced with a new share buyback program on June 14, 2012, under which our board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$50 million of our outstanding shares of Common Stock on the open market or in private transactions in accordance with applicable U.S. federal securities laws and regulations, including SEC Rule 10b-18. The program may be modified, suspended or discontinued at any time. This program does not have an expiration date.

Additional information required by this item is incorporated by reference to Note 16 in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the Year Ended May 31,				
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS					
Sales from continuing operations <sup>1</sup>	\$2,064,998	\$1,805,112	\$1,352,151	\$1,423,976	\$1,384,919
Gross profit	318,557	$307,056^2$	243,519	$241,615^2$	264,072
Operating income	130,702	$133,628^2$	90,332	$102,892^2$	134,518
(Loss) gain on extinguishment of debt	(664)	97	893	$14,701^3$	(2,040)
Înterest expense	37,772	30,667	26,832	31,416	29,491
Income from continuing operations <sup>1</sup>	68,029	69,826	43,202	58,721	68,759
Loss from discontinued operations <sup>1</sup>	· —	´ —	· —	(1,949)	(601)
Net income attributable to AAR	67,723	69,826	44,628	56,772	68,158
Share data:		<del></del>			
Earnings (loss) per share—basic:					
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 1.68	\$ 1.76	\$ 1.17	\$ 1.54	\$ 1.85
Loss from discontinued operations	_	_	_	(0.05)	(0.02)
Earnings per share—basic	\$ 1.68	\$ 1.76	\$ 1.17	\$ 1.49	\$ 1.83
Earnings (loss) per share—diluted:					
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.72
Loss from discontinued operations	_	_	_	(0.05)	(0.01)
Earnings per share—diluted	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.45	\$ 1.71
Weighted average common shares					
outstanding—basic	38,814	38,355	38,182	38,059	37,194
Weighted average common shares					
outstanding—diluted	43,084	43,593	43,091	42,809	43,745
· ·					
FINANCIAL POSITION Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 67,720	\$ 57,433	\$ 79,370	\$ 112,505	\$ 109,391
Working capital	590,046	497,975	521,642	596,894	564,932
Total assets	2,195,653	1,703,727	1,500,181	1,375,905	1,359,263
Short-term recourse debt	$122,780^4$	111,323	98,301	50,205	1,236
Short-term non-recourse debt	122,700	823	757	11,722	20,212
Long-term recourse debt	669,404 <sup>5</sup>	313,981	317,594	302,823	372,740
Long-term non-recourse debt	009,404	11,032	11,855	16,728	19,190
Total recourse debt	792,184	425,304	415,895	353,028	373,976
	866,022	835,289	746,350	696,734	650,867
Equity					
Number of shares outstanding at end of year .	40,273	39,781	39,484	38,884	38,773
Book value per share of common stock	\$ 21.50	\$ 21.00	\$ 18.90	\$ 17.92	\$ 16.79

Notes:

During fiscal 2007, we decided to exit, and in November 2008 we sold, our industrial turbine business located in Frankfort, New York. The operating results and the loss on disposal are classified as discontinued operations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In fiscal 2011 we recorded a \$5,355 impairment charge related to an aircraft. In fiscal 2009 we recorded \$31,133 of impairment charges related to three aircraft and certain engine and airframe parts. See Note 12 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> During fiscal 2009, we retired \$110,510 par value of our convertible notes for \$72,916 cash. The gain after consideration of unamortized debt issuance costs was \$14,701.

The 1.75% convertible notes due February 1, 2026 with an outstanding balance of \$94,913 at May 31, 2012 are included in short-term recourse debt because the holders have the right to require us to purchase the notes on February 1, 2013. See Note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

In January 2012, we sold \$175,000 principal amount of 7.25% Senior Notes due January 15, 2022. Our unsecured revolving credit facility, which totaled \$280,000 at May 31, 2012, was classified as long-term debt. See Note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(Dollars in thousands)

# **Forward-Looking Statements**

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contain certain statements relating to future results, which are forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs of management, as well as assumptions and estimates based on information available to us as of the dates such assumptions and estimates are made, and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or those anticipated, depending on a variety of factors, including those factors discussed under Item 1A, "Risk Factors." Should one or more of those risks or uncertainties materialize adversely, or should underlying assumptions or estimates prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described. Those events and uncertainties are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many are beyond our control. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

# **General Overview**

We report our activities in four business segments: Aviation Supply Chain; Government and Defense Services; Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul; and Structures and Systems.

Sales in the Aviation Supply Chain segment are derived from the sale and lease of a wide variety of new, overhauled and repaired engine and airframe parts and components principally to the commercial aviation market. We also offer customized inventory supply chain management programs and aircraft component repair management services. Sales also include the sale and lease of commercial aircraft and jet engines and technical and advisory services. Cost of sales consists principally of the cost of product, direct labor, overhead (primarily indirect labor, facility cost and insurance) and the cost of lease revenue (primarily depreciation and insurance).

Sales in the Government and Defense Services segment are derived from the sale of new and overhauled engine and airframe parts and components, customized performance-based logistics programs, expeditionary airlift services, aircraft modifications and engineering, design, and integration services to our government and defense customers. Cost of sales consists principally of the cost of the product (primarily aircraft and engine parts), direct labor, overhead and aircraft maintenance costs.

Sales in the Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment are principally derived from aircraft maintenance and modifications, engineering services, painting, and the repair, overhaul and exchange of landing gear. Cost of sales consists principally of the cost of product (primarily replacement aircraft parts), direct labor and overhead.

Sales in the Structures and Systems segment are derived from the engineering, design and manufacture of containers, pallets and shelters used to support the U.S. military's requirements for a mobile and agile force, heavy-duty pallets and lightweight cargo containers for the commercial market, complex machined and fabricated parts, components and sub-systems for various aerospace and defense programs and other applications, in-plane cargo loading and handling systems for commercial and military applications and composite products for aviation and industrial use. Cost of sales consists principally of the cost of product, direct labor and overhead.

Our chief operating decision making officer (Chief Executive Officer) evaluates performance based on the reportable segments and utilizes gross profit as a primary profitability measure. The tables below set

forth consolidated sales and gross profit for our four business segments for each of the last three fiscal years ended May 31.

	For the Year Ended May 31,				31,	
		2012		2011		2010
Sales: Aviation Supply Chain Government and Defense Services Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul Structures and Systems	\$ \$2	588,406 552,687 422,169 501,736 2,064,998	\$ \$1	465,108 571,343 393,671 374,990 1,805,112	\$ \$1	405,955 194,944 301,348 449,904 1,352,151
		For th	ne Ye	ear Ended M	lay 3	31, 2010
Gross Profit: Aviation Supply Chain	\$	106,029 78,635 55,488 78,405	\$	76,247 105,538 55,871 69,400	\$	70,490 42,304 38,206 92,519
•	\$	318,557	\$	307,056	\$	243,519

# **Business Trends and Highlights**

On December 2, 2011, we acquired Telair and Nordisk. Telair designs, manufactures and supports cargo loading systems for wide-body and narrow-body aircraft for both Airbus and Boeing and operates from facilities in Germany, Sweden and Singapore. Nordisk designs and manufactures heavy-duty pallets and lightweight cargo containers for commercial airlines from facilities in Norway and China. Telair and Nordisk are included in the Structures and Systems segment. On October 11, 2011, we acquired Airinmar, an international provider of aircraft component repair management services which is based in the UK. Airinmar operates as part of our Aviation Supply Chain segment.

During fiscal 2012, sales to commercial customers increased 32.4% compared to the prior year and represented 54.9% of consolidated sales. Commercial sales growth during fiscal 2012 was driven by strong organic growth in the Aviation Supply Chain and Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul businesses and by the Telair and Nordisk acquisitions. Commercial sales growth during fiscal 2012 occurred against a backdrop of global economic uncertainty, including persistently high oil prices, recent bankruptcies in the aviation industry and the debt crisis in Europe. We continue to monitor these events and their potential impact on our commercial customers.

During fiscal 2012, sales to global government and defense customers decreased 1.9% compared to the prior year and represented 45.1% of consolidated sales. Defense funding is currently facing pressure due to U.S. budget deficit challenges. In August 2011, Congress enacted the Budget Control Act ("BCA") of 2011 which reduces defense spending by \$487 billion over a ten-year period starting in fiscal 2012. Under the BCA, an automatic sequestration process was triggered when the Joint Select Committee on Deficit Reduction, a committee of twelve members of Congress, failed to agree on a deficit reduction plan for the U.S. federal budget. The sequestration is scheduled to commence on January 2, 2013, absent legislative or other remedial action. Of the \$1.2 trillion in reduced spending required by sequestration over the ten-year period beginning in fiscal year 2013, approximately \$50 billion per year would be borne by the Department of Defense. Whether or not sequestration goes into effect, we expect the defense budget will be reduced. Although there may be additional opportunities for those business units within our Supply Chain and Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segments that support the Department of Defense, as a

result of defense spending reductions, we expect our businesses that support the Department of Defense within our Structures and Systems segment will be adversely affected.

#### **Outlook for Fiscal 2013**

For fiscal 2013, we expect our commercial aviation results to remain strong and to increase on a year-over-year basis as the full-year impact of Telair and Nordisk's operations are included in results. We also expect improved results at AAR Airlift as it benefits from actions taken to improve aircraft availability and reduce costs. Results at our mobility products and defense systems logistics businesses are expected to be down year-over-year. As a result, we expect fiscal 2013 consolidated sales of approximately \$2.1 to \$2.2 billion and diluted earnings per share of \$1.55 to \$1.65.

# **Results of Operations**

#### Fiscal 2012 Compared with Fiscal 2011

Consolidated sales for fiscal 2012 increased \$259,886 or 14.4% compared to the prior year period. Sales to commercial customers increased 32.4% compared to the prior year and included strong organic growth in our Aviation Supply Chain and Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segments, as well as sales from the newly acquired businesses, Telair and Nordisk. Sales to government and defense customers decreased 1.9% principally due to lower sales at our defense logistics business.

In the Aviation Supply Chain segment, sales increased \$123,298 or 26.5% compared to the prior year due to strength at our parts supply businesses, which benefited from the improved commercial airline environment and the recent investments of assets, the sale of four aircraft for approximately \$49,000 from our aircraft sales and leasing portfolio and the addition of Airimar sales of \$26,058. Gross profit in the Aviation Supply Chain segment increased \$29,782 or 39.1% and the gross profit margin percentage increased to 18.0% from 16.4% in the prior year primarily due to the mix of products sold. The prior year gross profit margin was also negatively impacted by a \$5,355 pre-tax impairment charge recorded in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011 to reduce the carrying value of an aircraft held for sale to its estimated sales price.

In the Government and Defense Services ("GDS") segment, sales decreased \$18,656 or 3.3% compared to the prior year. The sales decrease primarily reflects the decline in the defense logistics business including the fourth quarter fiscal 2012 adjustment to the KC10 support contract. During the fourth quarter of 2012, we recorded a \$9,500 pre-tax charge as a result of lowering our profit expectations on the KC10 support contract. This adjustment represents the difference between the new margin expectation and the previous margin expectation for the period of performance since contract inception, which was February 2010. GDS gross profit decreased \$26,903 or 25.5% and the gross profit margin percentage declined to 14.2% from 18.5% in the prior year. The decline in gross profit was due to decreased Airlift margins as a result of unfavorable aircraft availability in the last half of fiscal 2012 and the impact of the KC10 support contract adjustment.

In the Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment, sales increased \$28,498 or 7.2% versus the prior year due to continued growth and share gains at our heavy maintenance facilities, partially offset by lower sales at our engineering services business. Gross profit decreased \$383 or 0.7% and the gross profit margin percentage decreased to 13.1% from 14.2% due to lower sales in fiscal 2012 of high margin engineering services.

In the Structures and Systems segment, sales increased \$126,746 or 33.8% compared to the prior year due to the inclusion of sales from Telair and Nordisk, which contributed \$119,429 of revenue during fiscal 2012. Gross profit in the Structures and Systems segment increased \$9,005 or 13.0%; however the gross profit margin percentage decreased to 15.6% from 18.5% in the prior year. Factors impacting the decline in margin percentage include the mix of products sold, losses on certain programs and start-up costs on

new programs at our precision machining business, and the restructuring and impairment charges taken in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012 of \$3,700 (see Note 12 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements).

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we sold the assets of a non-strategic product line within our Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment. Proceeds from the sale of the product line were \$10,000 cash, and the net carrying value of the assets sold was \$4,078. The gain on this transaction has been classified as a component of operating income.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$6,703 or 3.7% due to the inclusion of selling, general and administrative expenses for the three acquired companies. Earnings from aircraft joint ventures decreased \$1,802 compared to the prior year due to the sale of two aircraft from our joint venture aircraft portfolio during the prior year. Operating income decreased \$2,926 or 2.2% compared with the prior year primarily due to lower gross profit in the Government and Defense Services segment and increased selling general and administrative expenses, partially offset by increased gross profit in the Aviation Supply Chain and Structures and Systems segment. Net interest expense increased \$6,211 or 20.5% compared to the prior year primarily due to an increase in outstanding borrowings incurred for the purchase of Telair and Nordisk.

Our effective income tax rate was 27.2% in fiscal 2012 compared to 32.5% in fiscal 2011. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, we recorded a \$3,300 reduction in income tax expense primarily relating to revisions in book versus tax differences. During the third quarter of fiscal 2012, we recorded a \$3,976 reduction in income tax expense primarily relating to a reduction in our state income tax rate due to the implementation of state income tax planning strategies related to our corporate structure and the relocation of one of our significant businesses. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we recorded a net \$2,300 tax benefit, which was primarily the result of a \$3,531 federal income tax benefit as a result of the completion of an examination of our income tax returns from fiscal 2007 through fiscal 2009.

During fiscal 2012, we retired \$9,421 principal amount of our 1.625% convertible notes resulting in a net loss of \$161. We also retired \$20,551 principal amount of our 1.75% convertible notes resulting in a net loss of \$191. During fiscal 2012 and 2011, we retired \$9,100 and \$6,000 principal amount of our 2.25% convertible notes resulting in a net loss of \$312 and a gain of \$97 for years 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Net income attributable to AAR was \$67,723 compared to \$69,826 in the prior year due to the factors discussed above.

# Fiscal 2011 Compared with Fiscal 2010

Consolidated sales for fiscal 2011 increased \$452,961 or 33.5% compared to the prior year period. Sales to commercial customers increased 22.3% compared to the prior year due to increased demand for supply chain and MRO and engineering services, reflecting improved conditions in the commercial aviation industry and performance on new contract awards. Sales to government and defense customers increased 45.5% principally due to the inclusion of Airlift, and increased sales at our defense logistics business.

In the Aviation Supply Chain segment, sales increased \$59,153 or 14.6% compared to the prior year. Our parts supply businesses benefitted from the improved airline environment as maintenance activity increased and airlines restocked inventory levels. Gross profit in the Aviation Supply Chain segment increased \$5,757 or 8.2% and the gross profit margin percentage declined to 16.4% from 17.4% in the prior year primarily due to the mix of products sold. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we recorded a \$5,355 pre-tax impairment charge to reduce the carrying value of an aircraft held for sale to its estimated sales price. Prior year gross profit was negatively impacted by the sale of the interest in a leveraged lease, in which we recorded a \$3,800 negative gross profit margin.

In the Government and Defense Services segment, sales increased \$376,399 or 193.1% compared to fiscal 2010. The sales increase reflects the inclusion of revenue from Airlift, which contributed

approximately \$281,000 of revenue during fiscal 2011, as well as growth in our defense logistics business due to the ramp-up of a new performance-based logistics program. Gross profit increased \$63,234 or 149.5% due to increased sales; however, gross profit margin percentage declined to 18.5% from 21.7% in the prior year reflecting lower margins in the defense logistics business due to transition costs associated with the new performance-based logistics program, and a contract adjustment which lowered the pricing for services we deliver under another supply chain program.

In the Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment, sales increased \$92,323 or 30.6% versus the prior year due to strong growth at our heavy maintenance and landing gear facilities as well as in our engineering services business. The strong growth was driven by performance on contract awards announced in the previous twelve month period, and the improved airline environment. Gross profit increased \$17,665 or 46.2% and the gross profit margin percentage increased to 14.2% from 12.7% in the prior year primarily due to increased volume at each of our MRO facilities.

In the Structures and Systems segment, sales decreased \$74,914 or 16.7% compared to the prior year due to the expected decline in volume at our mobility products business as that business completed contract requirements on two large contracts in fiscal 2010. Gross profit in the Structures and Systems segment decreased \$23,119 or 25.0% and the gross profit margin percentage decreased to 18.5% from 20.6% in the prior year due to the mix of products sold and lower volume.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we sold the assets of a non-strategic product line within our Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment. Proceeds from the sale of the product line were \$10,000 cash, and the net carrying value of the assets sold was \$4,078. The gain on this transaction has been classified as a component of operating income.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$29,395 or 19.2% primarily due to the inclusion of selling, general and administrative expenses of Airlift. Earnings from aircraft joint ventures increased \$3,232 compared to the prior year due to the sale of two aircraft from our joint venture aircraft portfolio during fiscal 2011. Operating income increased \$43,296 or 47.9% compared with the prior year primarily due to the increase in sales, partially offset by the increase in selling, general and administrative expenses. Net interest expense increased \$4,431 or 17.1% compared to the prior year primarily due to an increase in outstanding borrowings. Our effective income tax rate was 32.5% in fiscal 2011 compared to 32.7% in fiscal 2010. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we recorded a net \$2,300 tax benefit, which was primarily the result of a \$3,531 federal income tax benefit as a result of the completion of an examination of our income tax returns from fiscal 2007 through fiscal 2009. The fiscal 2010 effective tax rate reflects the favorable tax impact from the sale of an interest in an aircraft leveraged lease.

During fiscal 2011, we retired \$6,000 principal amount of our 2.25% convertible notes resulting in a net gain on extinguishment of debt of \$97.

In June 2010, we and partners of AAR Global Solutions, LLC ("AAR GS") agreed to wind down the operations of AAR GS, resulting in \$0 reported in loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in fiscal 2011.

Net income attributable to AAR was \$69,826 compared to \$44,628 in the prior year due to the factors discussed above.

# Liquidity and Capital Resources

Historically, we have funded our operating activities and met our commitments through the generation of cash from operations, augmented by the periodic issuance of common stock and debt in the public and private markets. In addition to these cash sources, our current capital resources include an unsecured credit facility, as well as a separate secured credit facility. We continually evaluate various financing arrangements, including the issuance of common stock or debt, which would allow us to improve our liquidity position and finance future growth on commercially reasonable terms. Our continuing ability to borrow from our lenders and issue debt and equity securities to the public and private markets in the

future may be negatively affected by a number of factors, including the overall health of the credit markets, general economic conditions, airline industry conditions, geo-political events, and our operating performance. Our ability to generate cash from operations is influenced primarily by our operating performance and changes in working capital. Under a universal shelf registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission that became effective on May 4, 2012, we registered an indeterminate number or principal amount of shares of common stock, shares of preferred stock, debt securities, warrants, stock purchase contracts and stock purchase units which may be sold from time to time, subject to market conditions.

At May 31, 2012, our liquidity and capital resources included cash of \$67,720 and working capital of \$590,046. During fiscal 2012, we acquired three companies for a total cash outlay of \$298,087. In addition, we also invested in our business through capital additions of \$91,218. In order to fund these transactions, we increased the size of our revolving credit facility and borrowings thereunder, completed an offering for \$175,000 in 7.25% Senior Notes in a private placement, and entered into a five year full amortization term loan agreement with Development Bank of Japan Inc. for \$50,000. These items are described further below.

On April 12, 2011, we entered into an agreement with various financial institutions, as lenders and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent for the lenders (as amended, the "Credit Agreement") providing for an unsecured revolving credit facility that we can draw upon for general corporate purposes. The revolving commitment was originally \$400,000 and on October 13, 2011 was increased to \$580,000. Under certain circumstances, we may request an increase to the revolving commitment by an aggregate amount of up to \$100,000, not to exceed \$680,000 in total. The Credit Agreement expires on April 12, 2016. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at the offered Eurodollar Rate (defined as the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate) plus 125 to 225 basis points based on certain financial measurements if a Eurodollar Rate loan, or at the offered fluctuating Base Rate plus 25 to 125 basis points based on certain financial measurements if a Base Rate loan.

The Credit Agreement requires us to comply with certain financial covenants, including a fixed charge coverage ratio, a leverage ratio, and a minimum tangible net worth. The Credit Agreement contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including those relating to financial reporting and notification, payment of indebtedness, taxes and other obligations, compliance with applicable laws, and limitations on additional liens, indebtedness, acquisitions, investments and disposition of assets. The Credit Agreement also requires our significant domestic subsidiaries, and any subsidiaries that guarantee our other indebtedness, to provide a guarantee of payment under the Credit Agreement.

Borrowings outstanding under this facility at May 31, 2012 were \$280,000 and there were approximately \$14,329 of outstanding letters of credit which reduced the availability of this facility to \$285,671 at May 31, 2012. There are no other terms or covenants limiting the availability of this facility. We also have \$4,370 available under a foreign line of credit.

On January 23, 2012 we completed an offering of \$175,000 aggregate principal amount of 7.25% Senior Notes due 2022 (the "Notes"). The Notes were sold to qualified institutional buyers in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and outside the United States to non-U.S. persons in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act. The Notes were sold at a price equal to 98.268% of the principal amount thereof, for a yield to maturity of 7.5%. The net proceeds of the offering of the Notes were used to repay a portion of the borrowings under our revolving credit agreement incurred to fund our December 2011 acquisition of Telair and Nordisk.

The Notes are governed by an Indenture dated as of January 23, 2012 (the "Indenture") by and among AAR, certain subsidiary guarantors identified therein (the "Guarantors") and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.

The Notes bear interest at a rate of 7.25% per year, payable semi-annually, in cash in arrears, on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing July 15, 2012. The Notes will mature on January 15, 2022. Prior to January 15, 2015, we may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes with the net cash proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 107.25% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest and additional interest, if any, to the redemption date. At any time prior to January 15, 2017, we may redeem the Notes, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes redeemed, plus a make-whole premium, plus any accrued and unpaid interest and additional interest, if any, to the redemption date. We may redeem the Notes at our option, in whole or in part, at any time on or after January 15, 2017, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount to be redeemed) set forth below, plus any accrued and unpaid interest and additional interest, if any, to the redemption date if redeemed during the 12-month period beginning on January 15 of the years indicated below:

Year	Redemption Price
2017	103.625%
2018	102.417%
2019	101.208%
2020 and thereafter	100.000%

The Notes are unconditionally guaranteed, on a full, joint and several basis, by each of the Guarantors, which consist of all of our existing domestic subsidiaries. The Notes and the guarantees are general unsecured senior obligations of AAR and the Guarantors, respectively, rank equally in right of payment with all existing and future senior debt of AAR and the Guarantors, as applicable, and are senior in right of payment to all future subordinated obligations of AAR or the Guarantors. The Notes and the guarantees are effectively subordinated to secured debt of AAR and the Guarantors, respectively, to the extent of the value of the assets securing that debt. In addition, the Notes are structurally junior to any debt or other liabilities of our nonguarantor subsidiaries.

The Indenture contains covenants that, amount other things, limit AAR's and its Restricted Subsidiaries' (as defined in the Indenture) abilities to (i) incur additional debt or sell preferred stock, (ii) pay dividends, redeem or repurchase stock or make other distributions, (iii) make certain investments, (iv) make other restricted payments and investments, (v) agree to or allow to exist restrictions on the ability to pay dividends or make other payments on its capital interests, (vi) create liens without granting equal and ratable liens to the holders of the Notes, (vii) enter into sale and leaseback transactions, (viii) merge, consolidate or transfer or dispose of substantially all of their assets, (ix) enter into certain types of transactions with affiliates and (x) sell assets. These covenants are subject to a number of qualifications and limitations. In addition, the Indenture limits AAR's and the Restricted Subsidiaries' abilities to engage in businesses other than businesses in which such companies are engaged on the date of issuance of the Notes and related businesses.

On March 9, 2012, we entered into a five year full amortization term loan agreement with Development Bank of Japan Inc. (the "Loan Agreement") to refinance a portion of the indebtedness incurred to finance the acquisition of Telair and Nordisk. Borrowings under the Loan Agreement bear interest at the offered Eurodollar Rate (defined as the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate) plus 250 basis points and are unsecured. As of May 31, 2012, \$50,000 was outstanding under this agreement and there is no additional amount available. There are no other terms or covenants limiting the availability of this facility.

The Loan Agreement requires us to comply with certain financial covenants which are consistent with our Credit Agreement. The Loan Agreement is not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries. The Loan Agreement also contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including those relating to financial reporting and notification, payment of indebtedness, taxes and other obligations, compliance with applicable laws, and limitations on additional liens, indebtedness, acquisitions, investments and disposition of assets. In addition to our unsecured Credit Agreement and the Loan Agreement, we have a \$65,000 secured revolving credit facility with The Huntington National Bank (the "Huntington Loan Agreement"). Borrowings under the Huntington Loan Agreement are secured by aircraft and related engines and components owned by us. The Huntington Loan Agreement expires on April 23, 2015. Borrowings bear interest at LIBOR plus 325 basis points. As of May 31, 2012, \$33,022 was outstanding under this agreement resulting in \$31,978 remaining available. There are no other terms or covenants limiting the availability of this facility.

We are in compliance with all financial covenants under each of our financing arrangements.

During fiscal 2012, cash flow from operations was \$94,217 primarily as a result of net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest and aggregate depreciation and amortization of \$174,079. The positive impact on cash from our earnings and aggregate depreciation and amortization, deferred taxes and the change in accounts payable, accounts receivable and equipment on long-term lease was partially offset by increases in inventories primarily to support aviation supply chain customers and program costs for the A400M program.

During fiscal 2012, our investing activities used \$390,225 of cash principally as a result of investments in companies acquired of \$298,087 and capital expenditures of \$91,218 which primarily represents rotary and fixed-wing aircraft and other equipment purchased to support growth and improve operating performance in our Government and Defense Services segment.

During fiscal 2012, our financing activities provided \$306,843 of cash primarily due to net proceeds from borrowings of \$410,264 partially offset by the payment of dividends of \$12,081. As noted above, we completed an offering for \$175,000 in 7.25% Senior Notes in a private placement, entered into a five year full amortization term loan agreement with Development Bank of Japan Inc. for \$50,000 and increased the borrowings on our revolver by \$180,000.

# Contractual Obligations and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

A summary of contractual cash obligations and off-balance sheet arrangements as of May 31, 2012 is as follows:

	Payments Due by Period						
	Total	Due in Fiscal 2013	Due in Fiscal Fiscal 2014 2015		Due in Fiscal 2016	Due in Fiscal 2017	After Fiscal 2017
On Balance Sheet:							
Debt	\$451,2771	\$108,949	\$76,003	\$ —	\$ 66,325	\$ —	\$200,000
Capital Leases	170	85	85	_	_	_	_
Bank Borrowings	$363,650^2$	18,087	22,781	22,782	290,000	10,000	_
Interest	48,9313	27,281	6,813	5,396	4,885	2,249	2,307
Off Balance Sheet:							
Facilities and Equipment Operating							
Leases	137,699	28,155	23,449	18,789	11,588	9,423	46,295
Garden City, New York Operating							
Lease	21,442	1,647	1,688	1,730	1,773	1,817	12,787
Purchase Obligations	259,101	250,458	8,034	412	_	_	197
Pension Contribution	6,500	6,500	_	_	_		

#### Notes:

Purchase obligations arise in the ordinary course of business and represent a binding commitment to acquire inventory, including raw materials, parts and components, as well as equipment to support the operations of our business. We routinely issue letters of credit and performance bonds in the ordinary course of business. These instruments are typically issued in conjunction with insurance contracts or other business requirements. The total of these instruments outstanding at May 31, 2012 was \$16,798.

# **Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Estimates**

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management has made estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The most significant estimates made by management include those related to the allowance for doubtful accounts, assumptions used in assessing goodwill impairment, adjustments to reduce the value of inventories and aviation equipment on or available for lease, revenue recognition, loss accruals for aviation equipment operating leases, program development costs and assumptions used in determining pension plan obligations. Accordingly, actual results could differ materially from those estimates. The following is a summary of the accounting policies considered critical by management.

<sup>\$99,170</sup> par value of our long-term debt is due February 1, 2026; however, we may redeem for cash all or a portion of the notes at any time on or after February 6, 2013. Holders of the notes have the right to require us to purchase all or a portion of notes on February 1, 2013, 2016 and 2021. We have included the outstanding amount for these notes in the due in fiscal 2013 column. See Note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The term of our revolving credit agreement extends to April 12, 2016.

Interest associated with variable rate debt was determined using the interest rate in effect on May 31, 2012.

# Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Our allowance for doubtful accounts is intended to reduce the value of customer accounts receivable to amounts expected to be collected. In determining the required allowance, we consider factors such as general and industry-specific economic conditions, customer credit history, and our customer's current and expected future financial performance.

# Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Under accounting standards for goodwill and other intangible assets, goodwill and other intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives are not amortized, but are subject to annual impairment tests. We review and evaluate our goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets for potential impairment at a minimum annually, on May 31, or more frequently if circumstances indicate that impairment is possible. We use a two-step process to evaluate goodwill for impairment. In the first step, we compare the fair value of each reporting unit with the carrying value of the reporting unit, including goodwill. We estimate the fair value of each reporting unit using a valuation technique based on a multiple of earnings or discounted cash flows. If the estimated fair value of the reporting unit is less than the carrying value of the reporting unit, we would be required to complete a second step to determine the amount of goodwill impairment. In the second step, we would determine an implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill by allocating the reporting unit's fair value to all of the assets and liabilities other than goodwill. We then would compare the implied fair value of goodwill to the carrying amount and recognize the difference as an impairment charge.

The assumptions we used to estimate the fair value of our reporting units are based on historical performance as well as forecasts used in our current business plan.

The amount reported under the caption "Goodwill and other intangible assets, net" is comprised of goodwill and intangible assets associated with acquisitions we made, principally since the beginning of fiscal 1998.

#### Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined by the specific identification, average cost or first-in, first-out methods. Provisions are made for excess and obsolete inventories and inventories that have been impaired as a result of industry conditions. We have utilized certain assumptions when determining the market value of inventories, such as historical sales of inventory, current and expected future aviation usage trends, replacement values and expected future demand. Reductions in demand for certain of our inventories or declining market values, as well as differences between actual results and the assumptions utilized by us when determining the market value of our inventories, could result in the recognition of impairment charges in future periods.

#### Revenue Recognition

Certain supply chain management programs that we provide to our customers contain multiple elements or deliverables, such as program and warehouse management, parts distribution and maintenance and repair services. We recognize revenue for each element or deliverable that can be identified as a separate unit of accounting at the time of delivery based upon the relative fair value of the products and services.

Sales and related cost of sales for certain long-term manufacturing contracts and certain large airframe maintenance contracts and performance-based logistics programs are recognized by the percentage of completion method, either based on the relationship of costs incurred to date to estimated total costs or the units of delivery method. In connection with these contracts and programs, we are required to make certain judgments and estimates concerning the overall profitability of the program and

the relative fair value of each element of the arrangement. Differences may occur between the judgments and estimates made by management and actual program results.

# Equipment on or Available for Lease

The cost of assets under lease is original purchase price plus overhaul costs. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated service life of the equipment, and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

We are required to test for impairment of long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from its undiscounted cash flows. When applying accounting standards addressing impairment to equipment on or available for lease, we have utilized certain assumptions to estimate future undiscounted cash flows, including current and future lease rates, lease terms, residual values and market conditions and trends impacting future demand. Differences between actual results and the assumptions utilized by us when determining undiscounted cash flows could result in future impairments of aircraft and engines which are currently being leased or are available for lease. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we recorded a \$5,355 pre-tax impairment charge to reduce the carrying value of an aircraft held for sale to its fair value (See Note 12 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements).

# Program Development Costs

In June 2005, we announced that our Cargo Systems business was selected to provide cargo handling systems for the new Airbus A400M Military Transport Aircraft ("A400M"). Our portion of the revenue from this program is expected to exceed \$300,000 through fiscal 2021, based on sales projections of the A400M. As of May 31, 2012, we have capitalized, net of reimbursements, \$91,942 of costs associated with the engineering and development of the cargo system. In May 2012, we received \$15,000 cash as reimbursement for certain program development costs. We have the opportunity to receive additional milestone payments which are tied to deliveries from us through December 31, 2012. The \$91,942 is net of the \$15,000 cash payment received in May. Sales and related cost of sales will be recognized on the units of delivery method. In determining the recoverability of the capitalized program development costs, we have utilized certain judgments and estimates concerning expected revenues and the cost to manufacture the A400M cargo system. Differences between actual results and the assumptions utilized by us may result in us not fully recovering the value of the program development costs, which would unfavorably impact our financial condition and results of operations.

# Pension Plans

The liabilities and net periodic cost of our pension plans are determined utilizing several actuarial assumptions, the most significant of which are the discount rate and the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets.

Our discount rate is determined based on a review of long-term, high quality corporate bonds as of May 31, 2012, and models that match projected benefit payments to coupons and maturities from the high quality bonds. The assumption for the expected long-term return on plan assets is developed through analysis of historical asset returns by investment category, our fund's actual return experience and current market conditions. Changes in the discount rate and differences between expected and actual return on plan assets may impact the amount of net periodic pension expense recognized in our consolidated statement of income.

### New Accounting Standards

In June 2011, the FASB issued an accounting standard update to provide guidance on increasing the prominence of items reported in other comprehensive income. This accounting standard update eliminates

the option to present components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of equity and requires that the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This accounting standard update is effective for us beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2013, and it will result in changes in our financial statement presentation.

In August 2011, the FASB approved a revised accounting standard update intended to simplify how an entity tests goodwill for impairment. The amendment will allow an entity to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform the two-step quantitative goodwill impairment test. An entity no longer will be required to calculate the fair value of a reporting unit unless the entity determines, based on a qualitative assessment, that it is more likely than not that its fair value is less than its carrying amount. This accounting standard update will be effective for us beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2013, and early adoption is permitted.

# ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK (Dollars in thousands)

Our exposure to market risk includes fluctuating interest rates under our credit agreements, changes in foreign exchange rates and credit losses on accounts receivable. See Note 1 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion on accounts receivable exposure.

At May 31, 2012, \$285,671 was available under our unsecured Credit Agreement. Interest on amounts borrowed under this credit facility is LIBOR based. As of May 31, 2012, the outstanding balance under this agreement was \$280,000. A hypothetical 10 percent increase to the average interest rate under the credit facilities applied to the average outstanding balance during fiscal 2012 would have reduced our pre-tax income by approximately \$548 during fiscal 2012.

We use derivative financial instruments to manage our exposure to changes in interest rates on our variable rate debt. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2012, we entered into two derivative financial instruments in order to manage our variable interest exposure over a medium- to long-term period. Our derivative instruments are classified as cash flow hedges. We recognize the gains and losses on our derivative instruments as an adjustment to interest expense in the period the hedged interest payment affects earnings.

In June 2011, we entered into a floating to fixed interest rate swap agreement with an aggregate notional amount of \$50,000 that effectively converted \$50,000 of notional principal under the unsecured Credit Agreement from floating-rate debt to fixed-rate debt. At May 31, 2012, we were in a liability position for this interest rate swap, the fair value of which was \$4,479.

Also in June 2011, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement for the purpose of limiting future exposure to interest rate risk on \$50,000 of notional principal outstanding under the unsecured Credit Agreement. Under this agreement, we made a premium payment totaling \$1,750 to cap the interest rate for the five-year term of the agreement. At May 31, 2012, the interest rate cap had a fair value of \$249.

Revenues and expenses of our foreign operations are translated at average exchange rates during the year, and balance sheet accounts are translated at year-end exchange rates. Balance sheet translation adjustments are excluded from the results of operations and are recorded in stockholders' equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss. A hypothetical 10 percent devaluation of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar would decrease pre-tax income by \$2,740 for 2012.

#### ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

# TO THE STOCKHOLDERS AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF AAR CORP.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of AAR CORP and subsidiaries (the Company) as of May 31, 2012 and 2011 and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended May 31, 2012. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of AAR CORP and subsidiaries as of May 31, 2012 and 2011 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended May 31, 2012, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2012, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated July 19, 2012 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effective operation of internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois July 19, 2012

# AAR CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	For the Year Ended May 31,			
	2012	2011	2010	
	(In thousands except per share data)			
Sales:				
Sales from products	\$1,384,224	\$1,250,146	\$1,067,490	
Sales from services	680,774	554,966	284,661	
	2,064,998	1,805,112	1,352,151	
Costs and operating expenses:				
Cost of products	1,208,624	1,067,173	922,192	
Cost of services	534,117	425,528	186,440	
Cost of sales—restructuring and impairment	3,700	5,355	_	
Selling, general and administrative	189,397	182,694	153,299	
	1,935,838	1,680,750	1,261,931	
Gain on sale of product line	_	5,922	_	
Earnings from joint ventures	1,542	3,344	112	
Operating income	130,702	133,628	90,332	
(Loss) gain on extinguishment of debt	(664)	97	893	
Interest expense	(37,772)	(30,667)	(26,832)	
Interest income	1,243	349	945	
Loss on sale of investments			(1,150)	
Income before provision for income taxes	93,509	103,407	64,188	
Provision for income taxes	25,480	33,581	20,986	
Net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest	68,029	69,826	43,202	
(Income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(306)		1,426	
Net income attributable to AAR	\$ 67,723	\$ 69,826	\$ 44,628	
Earnings per share—basic	\$ 1.68	\$ 1.76	\$ 1.17	
Earnings per share—diluted	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.16	

# AAR CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS ASSETS

	May 31,		
	2012	2011	
	(In tho	usands)	
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 67,720	\$ 57,433	
Accounts receivable	302,056	287,435	
Inventories	461,166	363,399	
Rotable spares and equipment on or available for short-term lease	138,586	143,875	
Deposits, prepaids and other	71,106	38,260	
Deferred tax assets	22,638	23,583	
Total current assets	1,063,272	913,985	
Property, plant and equipment, at cost:			
Land	9,036	4,842	
Buildings and improvements	98,685	95,201	
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	573,648	459,432	
	681,369	559,475	
Accumulated depreciation	(298,436)	(235,098)	
	382,933	324,377	
Other assets:			
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	417,562	181,097	
Equipment on long-term lease	73,082	93,387	
Investment in joint ventures	49,892	48,743	
Other	208,912	142,138	
	749,448	465,365	
	\$2,195,653	\$1,703,727	

# AAR CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

	May 31,	
20	12	2011
	(In thou	sands)
Current liabilities:		<b>4.00.000</b>
Short-term debt\$	628	\$ 100,000
e	2,152	11,323
Current maturities of non-recourse long-term debt		823
Current maturities of long-term capital lease obligations	85	1,929
1 2	1,405	185,096
	8,956	116,839
Total current liabilities	3,226	416,010
Long-term debt, less current maturities	9,404	313,981
Non-recourse debt	_	11,032
Capital lease obligations	85	4,789
Deferred tax liabilities	5,908	98,322
Other liabilities and deferred income	1,008	24,304
85	6,405	452,428
Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, authorized 250 shares; none issued	_	
Common stock, \$1.00 par value, authorized 100,000 shares; issued 44,849		
	4,849	44,986
* *	3,622	423,805
	1,772	486,130
, I	0,404)	(100,431)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	5,190)	(18,645)
Total AAR stockholders' equity	4,649	835,845
	1,373	(556)
Total equity	6,022	835,289
\$2,19	5,653	\$1,703,727

# AAR CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE THREE YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2012

	Common Stock	Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total AAR Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity
Balance, May 31, 2009	\$44,201	\$405,029	\$374,659	\$(103,159)	\$(23,996)	\$696,734	\$ —	\$696,734
Net income	_	· —	44,628	`	`	44,628	(1,426)	43,202
Exercise of stock options and stock awards .	217	4,753	_	(950)	_	4,020	` —	4,020
Tax benefit related to share-based plans	_	817	_	_	_	817	_	817
Restricted stock activity	452	6,531	_		_	6,983	408	7,391
Bond hedge and warrant activity	_	86	_	(338)	_	(252)	_	(252)
Equity portion of bond repurchase	_	(374)	_	_	(2.228)	(374)	_	(374)
Foreign currency translation loss Change in unrecognized pension and post	_	_	_	_	(2,238)	(2,238)	_	(2,238)
retirement costs, net of tax	_	_	_	_	(3,412)	(3,412)	_	(3,412)
Contributions from noncontrolling interest .	_	_	_	_	(5,112)	(5,112)	462	462
Balance, May 31, 2010	\$44,870	\$416,842	\$419,287	\$(104,447)	\$(29,646)	\$746,906	\$ (556)	\$746,350
Net income	· —	· -	69,826	`	`	69,826	`—′	69,826
Cash dividends	_	_	(2,983)	_	_	(2,983)	_	(2,983)
Exercise of stock options and stock awards .	1	3,719	_	1,434	_	5,154	_	5,154
Tax benefit related to share-based plans	115	247	_		_	247	_	247
Restricted stock activity	115	2,783	_	5,258	_	8,156	_	8,156
Repurchase of shares	_	(99)	_	(2,539) (137)	_	(2,539)	_	(2,539) (236)
Equity portion of bond repurchase	_	313	_	(137)	_	(236) 313	_	313
Foreign currency translation gain	_		_		3,290	3,290	_	3,290
Change in unrecognized pension and post					Ź			
retirement costs, net of tax					7,711	7,711		7,711
Balance, May 31, 2011	\$44,986	\$423,805	\$486,130	\$(100,431)	\$(18,645)	\$835,845	\$ (556)	\$835,289
Net income	_	_	67,723	_	_	67,723	306	68,029
Cash dividends	_		(12,081)		_	(12,081)	_	(12,081)
Exercise of stock options and stock awards .	_	4,328	_	(92)	_	4,236	_	4,236
Tax benefit related to share-based plans	(127)	482	_	13.822	_	482	_	482
Restricted stock activity	(137)	(4,834)	_	(3,659)	_	8,851 (3,659)	_	8,851 (3,659)
Bond hedge and warrant activity	_	(9)		(3,039)	_	(53)	_	(53)
Equity portion of bond repurchase	_	(150)		(++)	_	(150)	_	(150)
Unrealized loss on derivatives, net of tax	_	(150)	_	_	(3,887)	(3,887)	_	(3,887)
Foreign currency translation net of tax	_	_	_	_	(18,474)	(18,474)	_	(18,474)
Change in unrecognized pension and post					( ) . )	( ), , )		( ) . )
retirement costs, net of tax	_	_	_	_	(14,184)	(14,184)	_	(14,184)
Assumption of noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	_	_		1,623	1,623
Balance, May 31, 2012	\$44,849	\$423,622	\$541,772	\$ (90,404)	\$(55,190)	\$864,649	\$ 1,373	\$866,022

# AAR CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Test in flows provided from operating activities:         Net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest         Net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable noncontrolling noncontrolling net income attributable noncontrolling net income noncontrol		For th	For the Year Ended May		
Cash Inows provided from operating activities         Net iacone attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to net cash provided from operating activities         \$ 6,8029         \$ 9,826         \$ 1,002           Adjustments to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to net cash provided from operating activities         \$ 80,333         \$ 92,96         \$ 89,90           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 80,331         \$ 92,05         \$ 89,30           Amortization of debt discount         \$ 13,171         \$ 12,308         \$ 93,35           Amortization of debt discount         \$ 13,171         \$ 12,308         \$ 13,58           Defered tax provision         \$ 26,00         \$ (26)         \$ (217)           Restructuring and impairment charges         \$ 3,000         \$ 5,355         \$ (88)           Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt         \$ 664         \$ (97)         \$ (893)           Loss on sale of investment         \$ (5,922)         \$ (3,340)         \$ (11,50)           Gain on sale of product line         \$ (5,922)         \$ (3,340)         \$ (11,50)           Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions         \$ (4,501)         \$ (11,70)         \$ (11,70)           Changes in certain assets and liabilities and provided from contain a subject of acquisitions         \$ (4,701)         \$ (10,17)         \$ (10,17) </th <th></th> <th colspan="2">2012 2011</th> <th>20</th> <th>10</th>		2012 2011		20	10
Net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to Adjustments to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to a subject to ABR and noncontrolling interest to a subject to AAR and noncontrolling interest to a subject to AAR and noncontrolling interest to a subject to AAR and noncontrolling interest to ABR and noncontro			(In thousands)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest to net cash provided from operating activities   Say 50   Say 50   Amortization of scoke-based compensation   12,546   12,308   93,358   Amortization of debt discount   13,171   12,309   11,589   Deferred tax provision   32,755   38,861   (3,863)   Tax benefits from exercise of stock options   32,755   38,861   (3,863)   Tax benefits from exercise of stock options   3,700   5,355   -		ф. co.ooo	ф. co.ooc	Φ 4:	2 202
Deperation and amortization   \$8,33\$   \$9,296   \$8,900   \$9,300		\$ 68,029	\$ 69,826	\$ 4.	3,202
Depreciation and amortization   80,333   59,296   38,930   Amortization of stock-based compensation   12,546   12,308   9,335   Amortization of debt discount   13,171   12,309   11,589   Deferred tax provision   32,755   38,861   (3,863   18					
Amortization of stock-based compensation         12,546         12,308         9,335           Amortization of debt discount         31,717         12,309         11,580           Deferred tax provision         32,755         38,861         (3,863)           Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         (765)         (247)         (817)           Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt         664         (97)         (893)           Loss on sale of investment         —         (6,922)         —           Gain on sale of product line         —         (1,542)         (3,344)         (112)           Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:         —         —         (5,922)         —           Accounts and notes receivable         36,286         (45,026)         33,926           Inventories         (47,610)         (13,017)         19,015           Rotable spares and equipment on or available for short-term lease         16,543         3,310         3,944           Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (1,474)           Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (1,474)           Accounts and trade notes payable and program costs         (20,877)         8,230         (376)		80 333	50 206	3	8 030
Amortization of debt discount         13,171         12,309         11,589           Deferred tax provision         32,755         38,861         (3,863)           Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         (765)         (247)         (817)           Restructuring and impairment charges         3,700         5,555         —           Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt         664         497         (893)           Loss on sale of investment         —         (5,922)         —         —         1,150           Gain on sale of product line         —         (6,922)         —         —         1,150           Earnings from joint ventures         (1,542)         (3,344)         (112)         (12,344)         (112)           Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:         —         —         —         —         1,50         3,326         (45,026)         33,926         1,191         19,157         Equipment on long-term lease         1,533         3,110         3,94         4,101         1,191         1,150         1,144         4,20         1,144         4,20         1,144         4,20         1,144         4,20         1,144         4,20         1,144         4,20         1,24         1,14         2,2 <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>		,	,		
Deferred tax provision   32,755   38,861   3,863   13,8		,	,		_
Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         (765)         (247)         (817)           Restructuring and impairment charges         3,700         5,355         —           Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt         664         (97)         (893)           Loss on sale of investment         —         (5,922)         —           Gain on sale of product line         —         (5,922)         —           Earnings from joint ventures         (36,286)         (45,026)         33,926           Accounts and notes receivable         36,286         (45,026)         33,926           Inventories         (47,610)         (13,017)         19,015           Rotable spares and equipment on or available for short-term lease         5,553         (21,598)         19,157           Equipment on long-term lease         16,543         3,310         3,404           Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (1,474)           Accused and other liabilities         (20,877)         8,230         (376)           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (12,2896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from gused in		,			_
Restructuring and impairment charges         3,700         5,355         —           Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt         (97)         (893)           Loss on sale of investment         —         5,922         —           Gain on sale of product line         —         (1,542)         (3,344)         (112)           Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:         —         (47,610)         (13,017)         19,015           Accounts and notes receivable         36,286         (45,026)         33,926           Inventories         (47,610)         (13,017)         19,015           Rotable spares and equipment on or available for short-term lease         5,553         (21,598)         19,157           Equipment on long-term lease         16,543         3,310         3,944           Accounts and trade notes payable         (20,877)         8,230         (376)           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from (used in) investing activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities         91,218         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceceds from sale of available for sale securities         91,218		,		(.	
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt         664         (97)         (893)           Los on sale of investment         —         —         1,150           Gain on sale of product line         —         (5,922)         —           Earnings from joint ventures         (1,542)         (3,344)         (112)           Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:         —         46,026)         33,926           Inventories         (47,610)         (13,017)         19,015           Rotable spares and equipment on or available for short-term lease         5,553         (21,598)         19,157           Equipment on long-term lease         15,634         3,310         3,944           Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (1,474)           Accrued and other liabilities         (20,877)         8,230         376           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from sale of product line         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)		\ /			(017)
Loss on sale of investment   -					(803)
Gain on sale of product line         — (5,922)         — (1-2)           Earnings from joint ventures         (1,542)         (3,344)         (112)           Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:         36,286         (45,026)         33,926           Inventories         (47,610)         (13,017)         19,015           Rotable spares and equipment on or available for short-term lease         5,553         (21,598)         19,157           Equipment on long-term lease         16,543         3,310         3,944           Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (1,474)           Accrued and other liabilities         (20,877)         8,230         (376)           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,866)         (60,347)         (19,537)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from used in junceting activities         91,218         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,11         24         109			(77)		. ,
Earnings from joint ventures         (1,542)         (3,344)         (112)           Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:         36,286         (45,026)         33,926           Inventories         (47,610)         (13,017)         19,015           Rotable spares and equipment on or available for short-term lease         5,553         (21,578)         19,157           Equipment on long-term lease         16,543         3,310         3,944           Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (1,476)           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from used in) investing activities         91,218         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from slopsoal of assets         91,218         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of business         91,118         24,110         24         109           Proceeds from disposal of business         91,160         91,160         91,160         91,160         91,160         91,160         91,160         91,160         91,160         91,160         91,160         91,160         91,160 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>(5 922)</td> <td></td> <td>1,150</td>			(5 922)		1,150
Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:         36,286         (45,026)         33,926           Inventories         (47,610)         (13,017)         19,015           Rotable spares and equipment on or available for short-term lease         5,553         (21,598)         19,157           Equipment on long-term lease         16,543         3,310         3,944           Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (1,474)           Accrued and other liabilities         (20,877)         8,230         (376)           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from disposal of business         -         -         650           Proceeds from disposal of business         -         -         1,160           Proceeds from slee of available for sale securities         -         -         1,160     <					(112)
Accounts and notes receivable         36,286         (45,026)         33,226           Inventories         (47,610)         (13,017)         19,015           Rotable spares and equipment on or available for short-term lease         5,553         (21,598)         19,157           Equipment on long-term lease         16,543         3,310         3,944           Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (14,44)           Accrued and other liabilities         (20,877)         8,230         (376)           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities         91,218         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of asets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from sale of product line         —         10,000         —           Proceeds from sale of product line         —         10,000         —           Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities         —         —         160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         —         —         1,160 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>(1,342)</td><td>) (3,344)</td><td></td><td>(112)</td></tr<>		(1,342)	) (3,344)		(112)
Inventories		36 286	(45.026)	3	3 026
Rotable spares and equipment on or available for short-term lease         5,553         (21,598)         19,157           Equipment on long-term lease         16,543         3,310         3,944           Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (1,474)           Accrued and other liabilities         (20,877)         8,230         (376)           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities:         "Toperty, plant and equipment expenditures         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from sale of product line         —         10,000         —           Proceeds from disposal of business         —         —         1,650           Proceeds from sale of product line         —         —         1,000         —           Proceeds from disposal of business         —         —         1,650         —         —         1,650           Companies acquired, net of cash         (28,087)         —         —         1,160         —			. , ,		,
Equipment on long-term lease         16,543         3,310         3,944           Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (1,474)           Accrued and other liabilities         (20,877)         8,230         (376)           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities:         991,218         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from disposal of business         -         10,000         -           Proceeds from sale of product line         -         10,000         -           Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities         -         -         650           Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities         -         -         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         -         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         -         1,150           Companies acquired promoter (acquired leases)         (38,052)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leverage					,
Accounts and trade notes payable         18,327         48,701         (1,474)           Accrued and other liabilities         (20,877)         8,230         (376)           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities:         "Topoetry, plant and equipment expenditures         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109         24         109         10,000         —         —         650         —         —         650         —         —         650         —         —         650         —         —         10,000         —         —         650         —         —         650         —         —         —         650         —         —         —         650         —         —         —         650         —         —         —         1,160         —         —         —         650         —         —         —         1,160         —         —         —         —         2,93,899         —         —					. ,
Accrued and other liabilities         (20,877)         8,230         (376)           Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities:         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from disposal of product line         -         -         650           Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities         -         -         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (28,087)         -         (193,989)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         1,585         8,306         44           Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         -         -         -         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         (814)         (2,993)         (2,421)		,			_
Other, primarily deposits and program costs         (122,896)         (60,347)         (19,557)           Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities:         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Property, plant and equipment expenditures         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of susiness         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from disposal of business         —         —         10,000         —           Proceeds from disposal of business         —         —         —         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         —         —         (193,989)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         1,585         8,306         44           Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         —         —         —         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (81,40)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         (83,529)				(	
Net cash provided from operating activities         94,217         108,598         153,156           Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities:         Property, plant and equipment expenditures         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from sale of product line         -         10,000         -           Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities         -         -         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         -         (193,989)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         1,585         8,306         44           Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         -         -         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (24,40)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         -         410,264         54,991         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in capital lease obligations <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(1)</td> <td>. ,</td>				(1)	. ,
Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities:         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Property, plant and equipment expenditures         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from disposal of business         —         10,000         —           Proceeds from disposal of business         —         —         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         —         (193,989)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         1,585         8,306         44           Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         —         —         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,240)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         —         —         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (81,264)         54,991         60,004           Reduction in capital lease obligations         (6,784)         (1,796)         (1,815)           Cash dividends	Other, printarny deposits and program costs	(122,090)	(00,547)	(1	<del>,,,,,,</del>
Property, plant and equipment expenditures         (91,218)         (124,879)         (28,855)           Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from sale of product line         —         10,000         —           Proceeds from disposal of business         —         —         650           Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities         —         —         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         —         (193,989)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         1,585         8,306         44           Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         —         —         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         —         —         5,220           Proceeds from borrowings, net         (88,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in capital lease obligations         (6,784)         (1,796)         (1,815)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond	Net cash provided from operating activities	94,217	108,598	15	3,156
Proceeds from disposal of assets         4,110         24         109           Proceeds from sale of product line         —         10,000         —           Proceeds from disposal of business         —         —         650           Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities         —         —         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         —         (193,989)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         —         —         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         —         —         5,220         (2,440)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         —         410,264         54,991         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (1,150)         (236)         (374)           Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983)         —					
Proceeds from sale of product line         —         10,000         —           Proceeds from disposal of business         —         —         650           Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities         —         —         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         —         (193,989)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         1,585         8,306         44           Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         —         —         —         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,993)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         Proceeds from borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (1,150)         (236)         (374)           Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983)         —           Purchase of treasury stock         (3,659)         (2,539)         —	Property, plant and equipment expenditures	(91,218)	(124,879)	(2	8,855)
Proceeds from disposal of business         —         —         —         650           Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities         —         —         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         —         (193,989)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         1,585         8,306         44           Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         —         —         —         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         —         —         5,220           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         —         410,264         54,991         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (6,784)         (1,796)         (1,815)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (12,081)         (2,983)         —           Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983) <td></td> <td>4,110</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>109</td>		4,110			109
Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities         —         1,160           Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         —         (193,989)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         1,585         8,306         44           Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         —         —         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         —         —         6,004           Reduction in borrowings         410,264         54,991         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in capital lease obligations         (6,784)         (1,796)         (1,815)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (1,150)         (236)         (374)           Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983)         —           Purchase of treasury stock         (3,659)         (2,539)         —           Stock option exercises         3,017         2,021 </td <td>Proceeds from sale of product line</td> <td>_</td> <td>10,000</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>	Proceeds from sale of product line	_	10,000		_
Companies acquired, net of cash         (298,087)         — (193,989)           Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         1,585         8,306         44           Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         — — 5,220         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         **         **         410,264         54,991         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in capital lease obligations         (6,784)         (1,796)         (1,815)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (1,150)         (236)         (374)           Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983)         —           Purchase of treasury stock         (3,659)         (2,539)         —           Stock option exercises         3,017         2,021         2,297           Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         765         247         817           Contributions from noncontrolling inte		_	_		
Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures         1,585         8,306         44           Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         —         —         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         410,264         54,991         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in capital lease obligations         (6,784)         (1,796)         (1,815)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (1,150)         (236)         (374)           Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983)         —           Purchase of treasury stock         (3,659)         (2,539)         —           Stock option exercises         3,017         2,021         2,297           Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         765         247         817           Contributions from noncontrolling interest         —         —         462           Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities		_			
Investment in aircraft joint ventures         (5,801)         (9,893)         (4,239)           Proceeds from leveraged leases         —         —         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         410,264         54,991         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in capital lease obligations         (6,784)         (1,796)         (1,815)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (1,150)         (236)         (374)           Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983)         —           Purchase of treasury stock         (3,659)         (2,539)         —           Stock option exercises         3,017         2,021         2,297           Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         765         247         817           Contributions from noncontrolling interest         —         —         462           Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities         306,843         (11,827)         36,170	Companies acquired, net of cash	(298,087)	) —	(19:	3,989)
Proceeds from leveraged leases         —         —         5,220           Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         410,264         54,991         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in capital lease obligations         (6,784)         (1,796)         (1,815)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (1,150)         (236)         (374)           Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983)         —           Purchase of treasury stock         (3,659)         (2,539)         —           Stock option exercises         3,017         2,021         2,297           Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         765         247         817           Contributions from noncontrolling interest         —         —         462           Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities         306,843         (11,827)         36,170	Proceeds from aircraft joint ventures	1,585	8,306		44
Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         Proceeds from borrowings         410,264         54,991         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in capital lease obligations         (6,784)         (1,796)         (1,815)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (1,150)         (236)         (374)           Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983)         —           Purchase of treasury stock         (3,659)         (2,539)         —           Stock option exercises         3,017         2,021         2,297           Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         765         247         817           Contributions from noncontrolling interest         —         —         462           Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities         306,843         (11,827)         36,170		(5,801)	(9,893)	(-	4,239)
Other         (814)         (2,293)         (2,440)           Net cash used in investing activities         (390,225)         (118,735)         (222,340)           Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         Proceeds from borrowings         410,264         54,991         60,004           Reduction in borrowings, net         (83,529)         (61,532)         (25,221)           Reduction in capital lease obligations         (6,784)         (1,796)         (1,815)           Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase         (1,150)         (236)         (374)           Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983)         —           Purchase of treasury stock         (3,659)         (2,539)         —           Stock option exercises         3,017         2,021         2,297           Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         765         247         817           Contributions from noncontrolling interest         —         —         462           Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities         306,843         (11,827)         36,170	Proceeds from leveraged leases	_	_		5,220
Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         Proceeds from borrowings       410,264       54,991       60,004         Reduction in borrowings, net       (83,529)       (61,532)       (25,221)         Reduction in capital lease obligations       (6,784)       (1,796)       (1,815)         Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase       (1,150)       (236)       (374)         Cash dividends       (12,081)       (2,983)       —         Purchase of treasury stock       (3,659)       (2,539)       —         Stock option exercises       3,017       2,021       2,297         Tax benefits from exercise of stock options       765       247       817         Contributions from noncontrolling interest       —       462         Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities       306,843       (11,827)       36,170		(814)	(2,293)	(	2,440)
Cash flows provided from (used in) financing activities:         Proceeds from borrowings       410,264       54,991       60,004         Reduction in borrowings, net       (83,529)       (61,532)       (25,221)         Reduction in capital lease obligations       (6,784)       (1,796)       (1,815)         Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase       (1,150)       (236)       (374)         Cash dividends       (12,081)       (2,983)       —         Purchase of treasury stock       (3,659)       (2,539)       —         Stock option exercises       3,017       2,021       2,297         Tax benefits from exercise of stock options       765       247       817         Contributions from noncontrolling interest       —       462         Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities       306,843       (11,827)       36,170	Net cash used in investing activities	(390 225)	(118 735)	(22	2 340)
Proceeds from borrowings       410,264       54,991       60,004         Reduction in borrowings, net       (83,529)       (61,532)       (25,221)         Reduction in capital lease obligations       (6,784)       (1,796)       (1,815)         Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase       (1,150)       (236)       (374)         Cash dividends       (12,081)       (2,983)       —         Purchase of treasury stock       (3,659)       (2,539)       —         Stock option exercises       3,017       2,021       2,297         Tax benefits from exercise of stock options       765       247       817         Contributions from noncontrolling interest       —       —       462         Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities       306,843       (11,827)       36,170		(370,223)	(110,733)	(22.	2,340)
Reduction in borrowings, net       (83,529)       (61,532)       (25,221)         Reduction in capital lease obligations       (6,784)       (1,796)       (1,815)         Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase       (1,150)       (236)       (374)         Cash dividends       (12,081)       (2,983)       —         Purchase of treasury stock       (3,659)       (2,539)       —         Stock option exercises       3,017       2,021       2,297         Tax benefits from exercise of stock options       765       247       817         Contributions from noncontrolling interest       —       —       462         Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities       306,843       (11,827)       36,170		410.264	54 001	6	0.004
Reduction in capital lease obligations $(6,784)$ $(1,796)$ $(1,815)$ Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase $(1,150)$ $(236)$ $(374)$ Cash dividends $(12,081)$ $(2,983)$ —Purchase of treasury stock $(3,659)$ $(2,539)$ —Stock option exercises $3,017$ $2,021$ $2,297$ Tax benefits from exercise of stock options $765$ $247$ $817$ Contributions from noncontrolling interest—— $462$ Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities $306,843$ $(11,827)$ $36,170$					_
Reduction in equity due to convertible bond repurchase       (1,150)       (236)       (374)         Cash dividends       (12,081)       (2,983)       —         Purchase of treasury stock       (3,659)       (2,539)       —         Stock option exercises       3,017       2,021       2,297         Tax benefits from exercise of stock options       765       247       817         Contributions from noncontrolling interest       —       462         Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities       306,843       (11,827)       36,170		. , ,	, , ,		, ,
Cash dividends         (12,081)         (2,983)         —           Purchase of treasury stock         (3,659)         (2,539)         —           Stock option exercises         3,017         2,021         2,297           Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         765         247         817           Contributions from noncontrolling interest         —         —         462           Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities         306,843         (11,827)         36,170				(	
Purchase of treasury stock         (3,659)         (2,539)         —           Stock option exercises         3,017         2,021         2,297           Tax benefits from exercise of stock options         765         247         817           Contributions from noncontrolling interest         —         —         462           Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities         306,843         (11,827)         36,170	1 7		, ,		(3/4)
Stock option exercises $3,017$ $2,021$ $2,297$ Tax benefits from exercise of stock options $765$ $247$ $817$ Contributions from noncontrolling interest $  462$ Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities $306,843$ $(11,827)$ $36,170$					_
Tax benefits from exercise of stock options765247817Contributions from noncontrolling interest——462Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities306,843 $(11,827)$ 36,170					2 207
Contributions from noncontrolling interest       —       462         Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities       306,843       (11,827)       36,170		,	,		,
Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities         306,843         (11,827)         36,170		703	247		
	<u> </u>	306 843	(11 827)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash					$\frac{6,170}{(121)}$
			´		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       10,287       (21,937)       (33,135)         Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year       57,433       79,370       112,505		,			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 67,720	\$ 57,433	\$ 7	9,370

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Description of Business

AAR CORP. is a diversified provider of products and services to the worldwide aviation and government and defense markets. Products and services include: aviation supply chain and parts support programs; maintenance, repair and overhaul of aircraft and landing gear; design and manufacture of specialized mobility and cargo systems and composite and other high-end precision machined structures; expeditionary airlift services; aircraft modifications and aircraft sales and leasing. We serve commercial, defense and governmental aircraft fleet operators, original equipment manufacturers, and independent service providers around the world, and various other domestic and foreign military customers.

### Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries after elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions. The equity method of accounting is used for investments in other companies in which we have significant influence; generally this represents common stock ownership of at least 20% and not more than 50% (see Note 9 for a discussion of aircraft joint ventures).

As of the third quarter of fiscal 2012, we no longer reported the operating results of our Amsterdam component repair business as a discontinued operation. We made the decision to retain the operation after considering the results of our sales process and reviewing strategic alternatives for the business. As a result of this change in strategy, the operating results for the Amsterdam business have been reclassified from discontinued operations and are reported in continuing operations for all periods presented and are not material to our financial position or results of operations.

#### Revenue Recognition

Sales and related cost of sales for product sales are recognized upon shipment of the product to the customer. Our standard terms and conditions provide that title passes to the customer when the product is shipped to the customer. Sales of certain defense products are recognized upon customer acceptance, which includes transfer of title. Under the majority of our expeditionary airlift services contracts, we are paid and record as revenue a fixed daily amount per aircraft for each day an aircraft is available to perform airlift services. In addition, we are paid and record as revenue an amount which is based on number of hours flown. Sales from services and the related cost of services are generally recognized when customerowned material is shipped back to the customer. We have adopted this accounting policy because at the time the customer-owned material is shipped back to the customer, all services related to that material are complete as our service agreements generally do not require us to provide services at customer sites. Furthermore, serviced units are typically shipped to the customer immediately upon completion of the related services. Sales and related cost of sales for certain long-term manufacturing contracts and certain large airframe maintenance contracts and performance-based logistics programs are recognized by the percentage of completion method, either based on the relationship of costs incurred to date to estimated total costs or the units of delivery method. Lease revenues are recognized as earned. Income from monthly or quarterly rental payments is recorded in the pertinent period according to the lease agreement. However, for leases that provide variable rents, we recognize lease income on a straight-line basis. In addition to a monthly lease rate, some engine leases require an additional rental amount based on the number of hours the engine is used in a particular month. Lease income associated with these contingent

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

rentals is recorded in the period in which actual usage is reported to us by the lessee, which is normally the month following the actual usage.

Certain supply chain management programs we provide our customers contain multiple elements or deliverables, such as program and warehouse management, parts distribution and maintenance and repair services. We recognize revenue for each element or deliverable that can be identified as a separate unit of accounting at the time of delivery based upon the relative fair value of the products and services.

Included in accounts receivable as of May 31, 2012 and 2011, are \$36,218 and \$28,867, respectively, of unbilled accounts receivable related to a defense supply chain support agreement. These unbilled accounts receivable relate to costs we have incurred on parts that were requested and accepted by our customer to support the program. These costs have not been billed by us because the customer has not issued the final paperwork necessary to allow for billing.

In addition to the unbilled accounts receivable, included in *Other* on the consolidated balance sheet as of May 31, 2012 and 2011, are \$27,872 and \$19,404, respectively, of costs in excess of amounts billed for the same defense supply chain support agreement. We expect to recover costs in excess of amounts billed through future billings over the life of the program.

#### Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Under accounting standards for goodwill and other intangible assets, goodwill and other intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives are not amortized, but are subject to annual impairment tests. We review and evaluate our goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets for potential impairment at a minimum annually, on May 31, or more frequently if circumstances indicate that impairment is possible. We use a two-step process to evaluate goodwill for impairment. In the first step, we compare the fair value of each reporting unit with the carrying value of the reporting unit, including goodwill. We estimate the fair value of each reporting unit using a valuation technique based on a multiple of earnings or discounted cash flows. If the estimated fair value of the reporting unit is less than the carrying value of the reporting unit, we would be required to complete a second step to determine the amount of goodwill impairment. In the second step, we would determine an implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill by allocating the reporting unit's fair value to all of the assets and liabilities other than goodwill. We then would compare the implied fair value of goodwill to the carrying amount and recognize the difference as an impairment charge.

The assumptions we used to estimate the fair value of our reporting units are based on historical performance as well as forecasts used in our current business plan and require considerable management judgment. The fair value measurements used for our goodwill impairment testing use significant unobservable inputs which reflect our own assumptions about the inputs that market participants would use in measuring fair value. The fair value of our reporting units is also impacted by our overall market capitalization and may be impacted by volatility in our stock price and assumed control premium, among other items.

As of May 31, 2012, we have four operating segments which are also considered to be our reporting units as defined by the accounting standard for goodwill: Aviation Supply Chain; Government and Defense Services; Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul and Structures and Systems. During the fourth quarter of 2012, our stock price declined steeply and at the end of the year traded below our book value. Based on the

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

results of the step one impairment test performed as of May 31, 2012, we determined that the estimated fair value of each reporting unit exceeded its net asset carrying value. Accordingly, there was no indication of impairment and the second step was not performed.

The amount reported under the caption "Goodwill and other intangible assets, net" is comprised of goodwill and intangible assets associated with acquisitions we made, principally since the beginning of fiscal 1998. During 2012, we acquired Telair® International GmbH ("Telair"), Nordisk Aviation Products, AS ("Nordisk") and Airinmar Holdings Limited ("Airinmar"), which increased goodwill by \$128,599.

Goodwill by segment is as follows:

	May 31,		
	2012	2011	
Aviation Supply Chain	\$ 40,596	\$ 20,040	
Government and Defense Services	38,304	38,304	
Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul	28,108	28,108	
Structures and Systems	155,592	47,549	
	\$262,600	\$134,001	

At May 31, 2012 and 2011, intangible assets, other than goodwill, are comprised of the following:

	May 31,		
	2012	2011	
Amortizable intangible assets:			
Customer relationships	\$113,384	\$ 39,449	
Developed technology	30,008	_	
Lease agreements	21,500	21,500	
FAA certificates	5,000	5,000	
Covenants not to compete	1,570	1,570	
Trademarks	600	600	
Other	300	300	
	172,362	68,419	
Accumulated amortization	(34,094)	(21,323)	
	138,268	47,096	
Unamortized intangible assets:			
Trademarks	16,694	_	
	\$154,962	\$ 47,096	

Customer relationships are being amortized over one- to twenty-year periods, developed technology is being amortized over a seven- to thirty-year period, the lease agreements are being amortized over an eighteen-year period, the FAA certificates are being amortized over a twenty-year period and the covenants not to compete are being amortized over a three-year period. Amortization expense recorded during fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010 was \$12,971, \$9,613 and \$4,567, respectively. The estimated aggregate

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

amount of amortization expense for intangible assets in each of the next five fiscal years is \$12,943 in 2013, \$9,030 in 2014, \$8,981 in 2015, \$8,820 in 2016 and \$8,820 in 2017.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

At May 31, 2012 and 2011, there were no cash equivalents.

#### Marketable Securities

Occasionally we will invest in equity securities and classify these equity securities as available for sale in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. As of May 31, 2012 and 2011, we had no amounts invested in available for sale securities.

During fiscal 2010, we sold investments in securities that were classified as available for sale. The loss on sale of these investments was \$1.150.

### Foreign Currency

Our foreign subsidiaries utilize the local currency as their functional currency. All balance sheet accounts of foreign subsidiaries transacting business in currencies other than the U.S. dollar are translated at year-end exchange rates. Revenues and expenses are translated at average exchange rates during the year. Translation adjustments are excluded from the results of operations and are recorded in stockholders' equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss.

# Financial Instruments and Concentrations of Market or Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject us to concentrations of market or credit risk consist principally of trade receivables. While our trade receivables are diverse and represent a number of entities and geographic regions, the majority are with the U.S. Department of Defense and its contractors and entities in the aviation industry. Accounts receivable due from the U.S. Department of Defense were \$50,598 and \$70,652 at May 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. We perform regular evaluations of customer payment experience, current financial condition and risk analysis. We may require collateral in the form of security interests in assets, letters of credit, and/or obligation guarantees from financial institutions for transactions executed on other than normal trade terms.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, short-term borrowings and accounts and trade notes payable approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments. The carrying value of long-term debt bearing a variable interest rate approximates fair value.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

#### Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market (estimated net realizable value). Cost is determined by the specific identification, average cost or first-in, first-out methods. From time-to-time, we

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

purchase aircraft and engines for disassembly to individual parts and components. Costs are assigned to these individual parts and components utilizing list prices from original equipment manufacturers and recent sales history.

The following is a summary of inventories:

May 31,		
2012	2011	
\$101,257	\$ 61,314	
64,682	51,725	
295,227	250,360	
\$461,166	\$363,399	
	2012 \$101,257 64,682 295,227	

# Equipment under Leases

Lease revenue is recognized as earned. The cost of the asset under lease is original purchase price plus overhaul costs. Depreciation for aircraft is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated service life of the equipment. The balance sheet classification of equipment under lease is generally based on lease term, with fixed-term leases less than twelve months generally classified as short-term and all others generally classified as long-term.

Equipment on short-term lease includes aircraft engines and parts on or available for lease to satisfy customers' immediate short-term requirements. The leases are renewable with fixed terms, which generally vary from one to twelve months. Equipment on long-term lease consists of aircraft and engines on lease with commercial airlines generally for more than twelve months.

We are required to test for impairment of long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from its undiscounted cash flows. When applying accounting standards addressing impairment to our aircraft and engine portfolio, we utilize certain assumptions to estimate future undiscounted cash flows, including current and future lease rates, lease terms, residual values and market conditions and trends impacting future demand (see Note 12—Restructuring and Impairment Charges). Unfavorable differences between actual and expected results could result in future impairments in our aircraft and engine lease portfolio.

Future rent due to us under non-cancelable leases during each of the next five fiscal years is \$16,675 in 2013, \$16,031 in 2014, \$14,414 in 2015, \$8,354 in 2016 and \$6,916 in 2017.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over useful lives of 10-40 years for buildings and improvements and 3-10 years for equipment, furniture and fixtures and capitalized software. Aircraft and major components in service to support our Airlift business are depreciated over their estimated useful lives which is generally 7-20 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the estimated useful life or the term of the applicable lease.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Repair and maintenance expenditures are expensed as incurred. Upon sale or disposal, cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and related gains and losses are included in results of operations.

#### Comprehensive Income

A summary of the components of comprehensive income is as follows:

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest	\$ 68,029	\$69,826	\$43,202
Other comprehensive income—			
Cumulative translation adjustments, net of tax	(18,474)	3,290	(2,238)
Unrealized loss on derivative instruments, net of tax	(3,887)	_	_
Unrecognized pension and post retirement costs, net of tax	(14,184)	7,711	(3,412)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 31,484	\$80,827	\$37,552

#### Supplemental Information on Cash Flows

Supplemental information on cash flows follows:

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Interest paid	\$16,566	\$17,167	\$13,629
Income taxes paid	11,418	9,812	30,149
Income tax refunds and interest received	7,205	4,541	709

During fiscal 2012 Treasury stock decreased \$10,027 reflecting the re-issuance of shares upon exercise of stock options, net of shares withheld to satisfy statutory tax obligations, and restricted stock award grants of \$13,730, partially offset by the purchase of treasury shares of \$3,659 and the impact of net share settlements of \$44 of bond hedge and warrants associated with convertible bond repurchases during fiscal 2012. During fiscal 2011 Treasury stock decreased \$4,016 reflecting the re-issuance of shares upon exercise of stock options, net of shares withheld to satisfy statutory tax obligations, and restricted stock award grants of \$6,692, partially offset by the purchase of treasury shares of \$2,539 and the impact of net share settlements of \$137 of bond hedge and warrants associated with convertible bond repurchases during fiscal 2011. During fiscal 2010, Treasury stock increased \$1,288 reflecting the impact of net share settlements of \$338 of bond hedge and warrants associated with convertible bond repurchases during fiscal 2010, and the impact from shares withheld to satisfy statutory tax obligations associated with the exercise of stock options of \$950.

# Use of Estimates

We have made estimates and utilized certain assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent liabilities to prepare these consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 2. Financing Arrangements

Revolving Credit Facilities

On April 12, 2011, we entered into an agreement with various financial institutions, as lenders and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent for the lenders (as amended, the "Credit Agreement"), providing for an unsecured revolving credit facility that we can draw upon for general corporate purposes. The revolving commitment was originally \$400,000 and on October 13, 2011 was increased to \$580,000. Under certain circumstances, we may request an increase to the revolving commitment by an aggregate amount of up to \$100,000, not to exceed \$680,000 in total. The Credit Agreement expires on April 12, 2016. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at the offered Eurodollar Rate (defined as the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate) plus 125 to 225 basis points based on certain financial measurements if a Eurodollar Rate loan, or at the offered fluctuating Base Rate plus 25 to 125 basis points based on certain financial measurements if a Base Rate loan. Borrowings outstanding under this facility at May 31, 2012 were \$280,000 and there were approximately \$14,329 of outstanding letters of credit which reduced the availability of this facility. We also have \$4,370 available under a foreign line of credit.

The Credit Agreement requires us to comply with certain financial covenants, including a fixed charge coverage ratio, a leverage ratio, and a minimum tangible net worth. The Credit Agreement contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including those relating to financial reporting and notification, payment of indebtedness, taxes and other obligations, compliance with applicable laws, and limitations on additional liens, indebtedness, acquisitions, investments and disposition of assets. The Credit Agreement also requires our significant domestic subsidiaries, and any subsidiaries that guarantee our other indebtedness, to provide a guarantee of payment under the Credit Agreement.

Borrowing activity under the Credit Agreement and its predecessor facility during fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010 was as follows:

	For the Year Ended May 31,			
	2012	2011	2010	
Maximum amount borrowed	\$525,000	\$135,000	\$150,000	
Average daily borrowings	288,320	70,603	40,795	
Average interest rate during the year	1.90%	1.95%	1.72%	

In addition to our unsecured Credit Agreement, we have a \$65,000 secured revolving credit facility with The Huntington National Bank (the "Huntington Loan Agreement"). Borrowings under the Huntington Loan Agreement are secured by aircraft and related engines and components owned by us. The Huntington Loan Agreement expires on April 23, 2015. Borrowings bear interest at LIBOR plus 325 basis points. As of May 31, 2012 and 2011, \$33,022 and \$54,940, respectively, was outstanding under this agreement.

On March 9, 2012, we entered into a five year full amortization term loan agreement with Development Bank of Japan Inc. (the "Loan Agreement") to refinance a portion of indebtedness incurred to finance the acquisition of Telair and Nordisk. Borrowings under the Loan Agreement bear interest at the offered Eurodollar Rate (defined as the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate) plus 250 basis points and are unsecured. As of May 31, 2012, \$50,000 was outstanding under this agreement.

The Loan Agreement requires us to comply with certain financial covenants which are consistent with our Credit Agreement. The Loan Agreement is not guaranteed by our subsidiaries. The Loan Agreement

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# 2. Financing Arrangements (Continued)

also contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including those relating to financial reporting and notification, payment of indebtedness, taxes and other obligations, compliance with applicable laws, and limitations on additional liens, indebtedness, acquisitions, investments and disposition of assets.

A summary of our recourse and non-recourse debt is as follows:

	,
2012	2011
Recourse debt	_
Revolving credit facility (secured by aircraft and related engines and	100,000
components) due April 23, 2015 with floating interest rate, payable monthly .  Revolving credit facility subject to annual review in March with interest payable	54,940
quarterly	
Note payable due July 19, 2012 with interest at 7.22% payable monthly 8,380	2,217
Note payable due March 15, 2014 with floating interest rate, payable monthly . 2,590  Note payable due March 9, 2017 with floating interest rate, payable	_
semi-annually on June 1 and December 1	_
semi-annually on January 15 and July 15	_
with interest at 5.01%	11,000
semi-annually on March 1 and September 1	73,418
Convertible notes payable due March 1, 2016 with interest at 2.25% payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1	51,309
Convertible notes payable due February 1, 2026 with interest at 1.75% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1	107,420
Industrial revenue bond (secured by trust indenture on property, plant and equipment) due August 1, 2018 with floating interest rate, payable monthly 25,000	25,000
Total recourse debt	425,304
Current maturities of recourse debt	(111,323)
Long-term recourse debt	313,981
Non-recourse debt	
Non-recourse note payable due July 19, 2012 with interest at 7.22%	8,201 3,654
Total non-recourse debt	11,855
Current maturities of non-recourse debt	(823)
Long-term non-recourse debt	11,032

#### Recourse debt

On January 23, 2012 we completed an offering of \$175,000 aggregate principal amount of 7.25% Senior Notes due January 15, 2022 (the "Notes"). The Notes were sold to qualified institutional buyers in

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 2. Financing Arrangements (Continued)

accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and outside the United States to non-U.S. persons in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act. The Notes were sold at a price equal to 98.268% of the principal amount thereof, for a yield to maturity of 7.5%. The net proceeds of the offering of the Notes were used to repay a portion of the borrowings under our revolving credit agreement incurred to fund our December 2011 acquisition of Telair and Nordisk.

The Notes are governed by an Indenture dated as of January 23, 2012 (the "Indenture") by and among AAR, certain subsidiary guarantors identified therein (the "Guarantors") and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.

The Notes bear interest at a rate of 7.25% per year, payable semi-annually, in cash in arrears, on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing July 15, 2012. The Notes will mature on January 15, 2022. Prior to January 15, 2015, AAR may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes with the net cash proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 107.25% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest and additional interest, if any, to the redemption date. At any time prior to January 15, 2017, AAR may redeem the Notes, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes redeemed, plus a make-whole premium, plus any accrued and unpaid interest and additional interest, if any, to the redemption date. AAR may redeem the Notes at its option, in whole or in part, at any time on or after January 15, 2017, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount to be redeemed) set forth below, plus any accrued and unpaid interest and additional interest, if any, to the redemption date if redeemed during the 12-month period beginning on January 15 of the years indicated below:

Year	Redemption Price
2017	103.625%
2018	102.417%
2019	101.208%
2020 and thereafter	100.000%

The Notes are unconditionally guaranteed, on a full, joint and several basis, by each of the Guarantors, which consist of all of our existing domestic subsidiaries. The Notes and the guarantees are general unsecured senior obligations of AAR and the Guarantors, respectively, rank equally in right of payment with all existing and future senior debt of AAR and the Guarantors, as applicable, and are senior in right of payment to all future subordinated obligations of AAR or the Guarantors. The Notes and the guarantees are effectively subordinated to secured debt of AAR and the Guarantors, respectively, to the extent of the value of the assets securing that debt. In addition, the Notes are structurally junior to any debt or other liabilities of our nonguarantor subsidiaries.

The Indenture contains covenants that, among other things, limit AAR's and its Restricted Subsidiaries' (as defined in the Indenture) abilities to (i) incur additional debt or sell preferred stock, (ii) pay dividends, redeem or repurchase stock or make other distributions, (iii) make certain investments, (iv) make other restricted payments and investments, (v) agree to or allow to exist restrictions on the ability to pay dividends or make other payments on its capital interests, (vi) create liens without granting equal and ratable liens to the holders of the Notes, (vii) enter into sale and leaseback transactions, (viii) merge, consolidate or transfer or dispose of substantially all of their assets, (ix) enter into certain

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 2. Financing Arrangements (Continued)

types of transactions with affiliates and (x) sell assets. These covenants are subject to a number of qualifications and limitations. In addition, the Indenture limits AAR's and the Restricted Subsidiaries' abilities to engage in businesses other than businesses in which such companies are engaged on the date of issuance of the Notes and related businesses.

During February 2008, we completed the sale of \$250,000 principal amount of convertible notes, consisting of \$137,500 aggregate principal amount of 1.625% convertible senior notes due 2014 and \$112,500 aggregate principal amount of 2.25% convertible senior notes due 2016 (together, the "Convertible Notes") in a private offering to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Interest under the Convertible Notes is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1.

Holders may convert their Convertible Notes based on a conversion rate of 28.6144 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of \$34.95 per share, only under the following circumstances: (i) during any calendar quarter beginning after March 31, 2008 (and only during such calendar quarter) if, as of the last day of the preceding calendar quarter, the closing price of our common stock for at least 20 trading days in a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of such preceding calendar quarter is more than 130% of the applicable conversion price per share of common stock on the last day of such preceding calendar quarter; (ii) during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes of the applicable series for each day of that period was less than 98% of the product of the closing price of our common stock and the then applicable conversion rate; (iii) if a designated event or similar change of control transaction occurs; (iv) upon specified corporate transactions; or (v) beginning on February 1, 2014, in the case of the 2014 notes, or February 1, 2016, in the case of the 2016 notes, and ending at the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the applicable maturity date.

Upon conversion, a holder of the Convertible Notes will receive for each \$1,000 principal amount, in lieu of common stock, an amount in cash equal to the lesser of (i) \$1,000 and (ii) the conversion value of a number of shares of our common stock equal to the conversion rate. If the conversion value exceeds the principal amount, we will also deliver at our election, cash or common stock or a combination thereof having a value equal to such excess amount.

The Convertible Notes are senior, unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. Costs associated with the issuance and sale of the Convertible Notes of approximately \$4,366 are being amortized using the effective interest method over a six- and eight-year period.

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, we entered into convertible note hedge transactions ("Note Hedges") with respect to our common stock with Merrill Lynch Financial Markets, Inc. ("Hedge Provider"). The Note Hedges are exercisable solely in connection with any conversion of the Convertible Notes and provide for us to receive shares of our common stock from the Hedge Provider equal to the number of shares issuable to the holders of the Convertible Notes upon conversion. We paid \$69,676 for the Note Hedges.

In addition, we entered into separate warrant transactions with Merrill Lynch Financial Markets, Inc. whereby we issued warrants to purchase 7,028,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 2. Financing Arrangements (Continued)

\$48.83 per share. We received \$40,114 from the sale of these warrants. The Note Hedges and warrant transactions are intended to reduce potential dilution to our common stock upon future conversion of the Convertible Notes and generally have the effect of increasing the conversion price of the Convertible Notes to approximately \$48.83 per share.

Net proceeds from the Convertible Notes transaction after paying expenses were approximately \$214,410 and were used to repay the balance outstanding under our unsecured revolving credit facility, to pay for the net cost of the Note Hedges and warrant transactions and for general corporate purposes.

On February 1, 2006, we completed the sale of \$150,000 principal amount of convertible senior notes. The notes are due on February 1, 2026 unless earlier redeemed, repurchased or converted, and bear interest at 1.75% payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1.

A holder may convert the notes into shares of common stock based on a conversion rate of 34.5950 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$28.91 per share, under the following circumstances: (i) during any calendar quarter beginning after March 31, 2006 (and only during such calendar quarter), if, as of the last day of the preceding calendar quarter, the closing price of our common stock for at least 20 trading days in a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of such preceding calendar quarter is more than 120% of the applicable conversion price per share of common stock on the last day of such preceding calendar quarter; (ii) during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period in which the "trading price" per \$1,000 principal amount of notes for each day of that period was less than 98% of the product of the closing price of our common stock and the then applicable conversion rate; (iii) upon a redemption notice; (iv) if a designated event or similar change of control transaction occurs; (v) upon specified corporate transactions; or (vi) during the ten trading day period ending at the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the stated maturity date on the notes. Upon conversion, we will have the right to deliver, in lieu of shares of our common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of common stock, at our option, in an amount per note equal to the applicable conversion rate multiplied by the applicable stock price.

We may redeem for cash all or a portion of the notes at any time on or after February 6, 2013 at specified redemption prices. Holders of the notes have the right to require us to purchase for cash all or any portion of the notes on February 1, 2013, 2016 and 2021 at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the purchase date. The notes are senior, unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness.

The mortgage loan due August 1, 2015 is secured by our Wood Dale, Illinois facility. At May 31, 2012, the net book value of our Wood Dale, Illinois facility is \$13,015.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2012, the non-recourse note due July 19, 2012 became fully recourse to us and is presented in the recourse portion of the table above. This note was issued by us to a financial institution during fiscal 2008 and is secured by an Airbus 320 passenger aircraft (A320) owned by us. The terms of the note required that if the A320 aircraft was leased to an air carrier with a lease expiration date beyond the note's final repayment date of July 19, 2012, then the note would become fully recourse. On July 17, 2011, we entered into a new lease agreement with an airline for the A320 aircraft. The lease

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 2. Financing Arrangements (Continued)

expiration date under the lease is June 16, 2016. As a result, pursuant to the terms of the note, the amount outstanding became fully recourse to us.

During fiscal 2012, we retired \$9,421 principal amount of our 1.625% convertible notes due March 1, 2014. The notes were retired for \$8,911 cash, and the loss of \$161, after consideration of unamortized discount and debt issuance costs, is recorded in (loss) gain on extinguishment of debt on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

During fiscal 2012 and 2011, we retired \$9,100 and \$6,000 principal amount of our 2.25% convertible notes due March 1, 2016, respectively. The notes were retired for \$8,116 and \$4,667 cash, and the loss of \$312 and the gain of \$97 for years 2012 and 2011, respectively, after consideration of unamortized discount and debt issuance costs, is recorded in (loss) gain on extinguishment of debt on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

During fiscal 2012, we retired \$20,551 principal amount of our 1.75% convertible notes due February 1, 2026. The notes were retired for \$20,340 cash, and the loss of \$191, after consideration of unamortized discount and debt issuance costs, is recorded in (loss) gain on extinguishment of debt on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

During fiscal 2010, we retired \$13,110 principal amount of our 1.625% convertible notes due March 1, 2014 and \$2,000 principal amount of our 2.25% convertible notes due March 1, 2016. Collectively, the convertible notes were retired for \$11,543 cash, and the gain of \$893, after consideration of unamortized debt issuance costs, is recorded in (loss) gain on extinguishment of debt on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

We are subject to a number of covenants under our financing arrangements, including restrictions which relate to the payment of cash dividends, maintenance of minimum net working capital and tangible net worth levels, fixed charge coverage ratio, sales of assets, additional financing, purchase of our shares and other matters. We are in compliance with all financial covenants under our financing arrangements. The aggregate principal amount of recourse debt maturing during each of the next five fiscal years is \$127,036 in 2013, \$98,784 in 2014, \$22,782 in 2015, \$356,325 in 2016 and \$10,000 in 2017. At May 31, 2012, the face value of our recourse debt was \$814,928 and the estimated fair value was approximately \$801,289. The fair value of our long-term recourse debt is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. Level 2 refers to fair values estimated using significant other observable inputs including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 2. Financing Arrangements (Continued)

As of May 31, 2012 and 2011, the short-term and long-term debt and equity component (recorded in capital surplus, net of income tax benefit) consisted of the following:

	May 31,		
	2012	2011	
Long-term debt:			
Principal amount	\$229,308	\$268,380	
Unamortized discount	(19,783)	(36,233)	
Net carrying amount	\$209,525	\$232,147	
Equity component, net of tax	\$ 74,816	\$ 74,966	

The discount on the liability component of short-term and long-term debt is being amortized using the effective interest method based on an effective rate of 8.48% for our 1.75% convertible notes; 6.82% for our 1.625% convertible notes and 7.41% for our 2.25% convertible notes. For our 1.75% convertible notes, the discount is being amortized through February 1, 2013, which is the first put date for those notes. For our 1.625% and 2.25% convertible notes, the discount is being amortized through their respective maturity dates of March 1, 2014 and March 1, 2016.

As of May 31, 2012 and 2011, for each of our convertible note issuances, the "if converted" value does not exceed its principal amount.

The interest expense associated with the convertible notes was as follows:

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Coupon interest	\$ 4,866	\$ 4,932	\$ 5,102
Amortization of deferred financing fees	739	754	775
Amortization of discount	13,102	12,309	11,589
Interest expense related to convertible notes	\$18,707	\$17,995	\$17,466

#### Non-recourse debt

During the second quarter of fiscal 2012, we sold an aircraft and the associated non-recourse debt of \$3,252, which was due April 3, 2015, was assumed by the purchaser.

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 3. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

We are exposed to interest rate risk associated with fluctuations in interest rates on our variable rate debt. During the first quarter of fiscal 2012, we entered into two derivative financial instruments in order to manage our variable interest rate exposure over a medium- to long-term period. In June 2011, we entered into a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap to hedge interest on \$50,000 of notional principal balance under our revolving credit agreement. Also in June 2011, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement on \$50,000 of notional principal interest under our revolving credit agreement.

We do not hold or issue derivative instruments for trading purposes and are not a party to any instruments with leverage or prepayment features. In connection with derivative financial instruments, there exists the risk of the possible inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. We mitigate this risk by performing financial reviews before the contract is entered into, as well as on-going periodic evaluations. We do not expect any significant losses from counterparty defaults.

We classify the derivatives as assets or liabilities on the balance sheet. Accounting for the change in fair value of the derivatives is a function of whether the instrument qualifies for, and has been designated as, a hedging relationship, and the type of hedging relationship. As of May 31, 2012, all of our derivative instruments were classified as cash flow hedges. The fair value of the interest rate swap and interest cap agreements represents the difference in the present values of cash flows calculated at the contracted interest rates and at current market interest rates at the end of the reporting period.

The fair value of the Company's interest rate derivatives are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. At May 31, 2012, the fair value of our interest rate derivatives was recorded as follows:

		Assets	Derivative Liabilities
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:	<b>Balance Sheet Classification</b>	May 31, 2012	May 31, 2012
Interest rate cap	Long-term assets	\$249	\$ —
Interest rate swap	Long-term liabilities		(4,479)

We include gains and losses on the derivative instruments in other comprehensive income (loss). We recognize the gains and losses on our derivative instruments as an adjustment to interest expense in the period the hedged interest payment affects earnings. The impact of the interest rate swap and interest cap agreement for the year ended May 31, 2012 was a pre-tax loss of \$5,981 recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). We expect minimal gain or loss to be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months.

#### 4. Stock-Based Compensation

We provide stock-based awards under the AAR CORP. Stock Benefit Plan ("Stock Benefit Plan") which has been approved by our stockholders. Under the Stock Benefit Plan, we are authorized to issue stock options to employees and non-employee directors that allow the grant recipients to purchase shares of common stock at a price not less than the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant. Generally, stock options awarded expire ten years from the date of grant and are exercisable in three, four or five equal annual increments commencing one year after the date of grant. We issue common stock upon the exercise of stock options. In addition to stock options, the Stock Benefit Plan also provides for the grant of restricted stock awards and performance-based restricted stock awards. The number of

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 4. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

performance-based awards earned, subject to vesting, is based on achievement of certain Company-wide financial goals or stock price targets. The Stock Benefit Plan also provides for the grant of stock appreciation units and restricted stock units; however, to date, no such awards have been granted.

Restricted stock grants are designed, among other things, to align employee interests with the interests of stockholders and to encourage the recipient to build a career with us. Restricted stock typically vests over periods of three to ten years from date of grant. Restricted stock grants may be performance-based with vesting to occur over periods of one to ten years. All restricted stock that has been granted and earned according to performance criteria carries full dividend and voting rights, regardless of whether it has vested.

Typically, stock options and restricted stock are subject to forfeiture prior to vesting if the employee's employment terminates for any reason other than death, disability or retirement. A total of 8,809,000 shares have been granted under the Stock Benefit Plan since its inception, and as of May 31, 2012, a total of 2,322,527 shares were available for future grant under the Stock Benefit Plan.

### Stock Options

During fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010, we granted stock options representing 169,281 shares 720,970 shares and 694,500 shares, respectively.

The weighted average fair value of stock options granted during fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010 was \$11.42, \$8.06 and \$7.45, respectively. The fair value of each stock option grant was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

Stock Ontions Granted

	In Fiscal Year		
	2012	2011	2010
Risk-free interest rate	1.5%	1.8%	2.3%
Expected volatility of common stock	46.1%	47.0%	49.1%
Dividend yield	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected option term in years	5.7	5.8	6.0

The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The expected volatility is based on historical volatility of our common stock and the expected option term represents the period of time that the stock options granted are expected to be outstanding based on historical exercise trends. The dividend yield represents our anticipated cash dividends at the grant date over the expected option term.

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 4. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

A summary of stock option activity for the three years ended May 31, 2012 follows (shares in thousands):

	2012		2011			2010
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of year	1,994	\$18.56	1,543	\$19.28	1,225	\$21.18
Granted	169	\$28.45	721	\$17.54	695	\$15.21
Exercised	(339)	\$19.95	(128)	\$15.85	(217)	\$12.47
Cancelled	(121)	\$19.73	(142)	\$21.79	(160)	\$22.60
Outstanding at end of year	1,703	\$17.96	1,994	\$18.56	1,543	\$19.28
Options exercisable at end of year	880	\$17.10	935	\$19.40	663	\$20.92

The total fair value of stock options that vested during fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010 was \$3,953, \$4,006 and \$690, respectively. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010 was \$3,349, \$1,344 and \$2,353, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding as of May 31, 2012 was \$327. The tax benefit realized from stock options exercised during fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010 was \$482, \$247 and \$817, respectively. Expense charged to operations for stock options during fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010 was \$4,162, \$4,152 and \$2,265, respectively, recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses. As of May 31, 2012, we had \$3,659 of unrecognized compensation expense related to stock options that will be amortized over an average period of 0.8 years.

The following table provides additional information regarding stock options outstanding as of May 31, 2012 (shares in thousands):

		Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable		
Option Exercise Price Range	Number Outstanding as of 5/31/12	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life in Years	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable as of 5/31/12	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	
\$ 3.50 - \$13.00	69	1.3	\$ 7.27	69	\$ 7.27	
\$13.01 - \$18.50	1,289	6.7	\$16.25	655	\$15.95	
\$18.51 - \$24.50	135	5.2	\$20.62	81	\$21.47	
\$24.51 - \$34.50	210	8.1	\$30.24	_75	\$31.27	
	1,703	6.5	\$17.96	880	\$17.10	

# Restricted Stock

We provide executives and other key employees an opportunity to be awarded performance-based restricted stock. The award is contingent upon the achievement of certain performance objectives, including net income, return on capital, and leverage ratios, or our stock price achieving a certain level over a period of time. After the shares are granted, the restrictions are released over a three- to seven-year period. During fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010, we granted 362,500 restricted shares, 269,146 restricted shares and 423,000 restricted shares, respectively, under this program.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 4. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

In addition to the performance-based restricted stock awards, we also granted a total of 45,000 restricted shares to members of the Board of Directors and 299,491 restricted shares to executives and key employees during fiscal 2012. These shares vest over a one- to five-year period.

The fair value of restricted shares is the market value of our common stock on the date of grant. Expense related to all restricted share programs during fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010 was \$8,384, \$8,701 and \$7,070, respectively, recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Restricted share activity during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2012, is as follows (shares in thousands):

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Fair Value on Grant Date
Nonvested at May 31, 2011	1,374	\$23.06
Granted	707	\$24.20
Vested	(370)	\$26.60
Forfeited	(134)	\$24.47
Nonvested at May 31, 2012	1,577	\$22.65

As of May 31, 2012, we had \$17,167 of unearned compensation related to restricted shares that will be amortized to expense over a weighted average period of 2.1 years.

#### Shareholders' Rights Plan

Pursuant to a shareholder rights plan adopted in 2007, each outstanding share of our common stock carries with it a Right to purchase one share at a price of \$140 per share. The Rights become exercisable (and separate from the shares) when certain specified events occur, including the acquisition of 15% or more of the common stock by a person or group (an "Acquiring Person") or the commencement of a tender or exchange offer for 15% or more of the common stock.

In the event that an Acquiring Person acquires 15% or more of the common stock, or if we are the surviving corporation in a merger involving an Acquiring Person or if the Acquiring Person engages in certain types of self-dealing transactions, each Right entitles the holder to purchase for \$140 per share (or the then-current exercise price), shares of our common stock having a market value of \$280 (or two times the exercise price), subject to certain exceptions. Similarly, if we are acquired in a merger or other business combination or 50% or more of our assets or earning power is sold, each Right entitles the holder to purchase at the then-current exercise price that number of shares of common stock of the surviving corporation having a market value of two times the exercise price. The Rights do not entitle the holder thereof to vote or to receive dividends. The Rights will expire on August 6, 2017, and may be redeemed by us for \$.01 per Right under certain circumstances.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### **5. Income Taxes**

The provision for income taxes on pre-tax income includes the following components:

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Current:			
Federal	\$(9,777)	\$(8,580)	\$21,649
State	(450)	1,500	1,800
Foreign	2,952	1,800	1,400
	(7,275)	(5,280)	24,849
Deferred	32,755	38,861	(3,863)
	\$25,480	\$33,581	\$20,986

The deferred tax provision results primarily from differences between financial reporting and taxable income arising from depreciation, post-retirement benefits and capitalized program development costs.

Income tax receivable at May 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$22,823 and \$9,054, respectively, and is included in deposits, prepaids and other on the consolidated balance sheet.

The provision for income taxes on pre-tax income differs from the amount computed by applying the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate of 35% for fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010 to income before taxes, for the following reasons:

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Provision for income taxes at the federal statutory rate	\$32,728	\$36,193	\$22,466
Tax benefits on domestic production activities	_	_	(1,673)
State income taxes, net of federal benefit and refunds	(3,465)	910	1,056
Research and development credit	(850)	(350)	(418)
Leveraged lease	_	_	(1,517)
Noncontrolling interest	(107)	_	499
Settlement of tax examinations	_	(3,531)	
Federal adjustments	(3,300)	_	
Other	474	359	573
Provision for income taxes	\$25,480	\$33,581	\$20,986

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

#### 5. Income Taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities and assets result primarily from the differences in the timing of the recognition of transactions for financial reporting and income tax purposes and consist of the following components:

	May 31,			
		2012		2011
Deferred tax assets-current attributable to:				
Inventory costs	\$	11,268	\$	17,145
Employee benefits		6,036		5,793
Allowance for doubtful accounts		2,114		2,109
AMT, NOL and FTC carrybacks		7,332		8,400
Advanced billings and other	_	(4,112)		(9,864)
Total net deferred tax assets-current	\$	22,638	\$	23,583
Deferred tax assets-noncurrent attributable to:				
Postretirement benefits	\$	19,585	\$	12,847
Bond hedge		3,086		6,733
Foreign intangible assets		39,551		_
Other	_	4,765		
Total deferred tax assets-noncurrent	\$	66,987	\$	19,580
Total deferred tax assets	\$	89,625	\$	43,163
Deferred tax liabilities attributable to:				
Depreciation	\$(	119,049)	\$(	104,202)
Convertible notes		(7,039)		(13,700)
Capitalized program development costs		(17,256)		` ' '
Foreign intangible assets		(39,551)		
Total deferred tax liabilities	\$(	182,895)	\$(	117,902)
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$	(93,270)	\$	(74,739)

As of May 31, 2012, we have determined that the realization of our deferred tax assets is more likely than not, and that a valuation allowance is not required based upon our history of operating earnings, our expectations for continued future earnings, the nature of certain of our deferred tax assets and the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, primarily related to depreciation.

Our effective income tax rate was 27.2% in fiscal 2012 compared to 32.5% in fiscal 2011. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, we recorded a \$3,300 reduction in income tax expense primarily relating to revisions in book versus tax differences. During the third quarter of fiscal 2012, we recorded a \$3,976 reduction in income tax expense primarily relating to a reduction in our state income tax rate due to the implementation of state income tax planning strategies related to our corporate structure and the relocation of one of our significant businesses.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, an examination of our fiscal years 2007 through 2009 tax returns was completed, which resulted in a reduction of income tax expense in the amount of \$3,531, primarily due to the allowance of foreign tax credits which had not previously been benefited. Fiscal years'

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# **5. Income Taxes (Continued)**

2010 and subsequent are open for examination. Various states and foreign jurisdictions also remain open subject to their applicable statute of limitations. We have no unrecognized tax benefits as of May 31, 2012.

#### 6. Earnings Per Share

The computation of basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. The computation of diluted earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus, when their effect is dilutive, incremental shares consisting of shares subject to stock options, shares issuable upon vesting of restricted stock awards and shares to be issued upon conversion of convertible debt.

We use the "if-converted" method in calculating the diluted earnings per share effect of the assumed conversion of our contingently convertible debt issued in fiscal 2006 because the principal for that issuance can be settled in stock, cash or a combination thereof. Under the "if converted" method, the after-tax effect of interest expense related to the convertible securities is added back to net income, and the convertible debt is assumed to have been converted into common shares at the beginning of the period.

In accordance with ASC 260-10-45, Share-Based Payment Arrangements and Participating Securities and the Two-Class Method, our unvested restricted stock awards are deemed participating securities since these shares are entitled to participate in dividends declared on common shares. During periods of net income, the calculation of earnings per share for common stock exclude income attributable to unvested restricted stock awards from the numerator and exclude the dilutive impact of those shares from the denominator. During periods of net loss, no effect is given to the participating securities because they do not share in the losses of the Company.

We adopted the provisions of this standard during fiscal 2011. The impact of this standard was not material for fiscal 2010.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# 6. Earnings Per Share (Continued)

The following table provides a reconciliation of the computations of basic and diluted earnings per share information for each of the years in the three-year period ended May 31, 2012 (shares in thousands).

	For the Year Ended May 3		
	2012	2011	2010
Basic EPS: Net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest Less income attributable to participating shares Less (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	\$68,029 (2,545) (306)	\$69,826 (2,279)	\$43,202 
Net income attributable to AAR available to common shareholders	\$65,178	\$67,547	\$44,628
Basic shares: Weighted average common shares outstanding	38,814 \$ 1.68	38,355 \$ 1.76	38,182 \$ 1.17
Diluted EPS:  Net income attributable to AAR and noncontrolling interest  Less income attributable to participating shares  Less (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest  Add after-tax interest on convertible debt	\$68,029 (2,346) (306) 5,863	\$69,826 — 5,615	\$43,202 1,426 5,274
Net income attributable to AAR available to common shareholders	\$71,240	\$75,441	\$49,902
Diluted shares:  Weighted average common shares outstanding	38,814 213 - 4,057 43,084	38,355 319 851 4,068 43,593	38,182 196 645 4,068 43,091
Earnings per share—diluted	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.16

At May 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively, options to purchase 1,627,000 shares, 170,000 shares and 378,000 shares of common stock were outstanding, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share, because the exercise price of these options was greater than the average market price of the common shares for the period then ended.

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# 7. Employee Benefit Plans

We have defined contribution and defined benefit plans covering substantially all full-time domestic employees and certain employees in The Netherlands, Germany and Norway.

#### Defined Benefit Plans

Prior to January 1, 2000, the pension plan for domestic salaried and non-union hourly employees had a benefit formula based primarily on years of service and compensation. Effective January 1, 2000, we converted our defined benefit plan for substantially all domestic salaried and certain hourly employees to a cash balance pension plan. Under the cash balance pension plan, the retirement benefit is expressed as a dollar amount in an account that grows with annual pay-based credits and interest on the account balance. The interest crediting rate under our cash balance plan is determined quarterly and is equal to 100% of the average 30-year treasury rate for the second month preceding the applicable quarter published by the Internal Revenue Service. The average interest crediting rate under our cash balance plan for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2012 was 5.0%. Effective June 1, 2005, the existing cash balance plan was frozen and the annual pay-based credits were discontinued. Also effective June 1, 2005, the defined contribution plan was modified to include increased employer contributions and an enhanced profit sharing formula. Defined pension benefits for certain union hourly employees are based primarily on a fixed amount per year of service.

Certain foreign operations of domestic subsidiaries also have a defined benefit pension plan. Benefit formulas are based generally on years of service and compensation. It is the policy of these subsidiaries to fund at least the minimum amounts required by local laws and regulations.

We provide eligible outside directors with benefits upon retirement on or after age 65 provided they have completed at least five years of service as a director. Benefits are paid quarterly in cash equal to 25% of the annual retainer fee payable to active outside directors. Payment of benefits commence upon retirement and continue for a period equal to the total number of years of the retired director's service up to a maximum of ten years, or death, whichever occurs first. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, we terminated the plan for any new members of the Board of Directors first elected after May 31, 2001.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# 7. Employee Benefit Plans (Continued)

Obligations and Funded Status

The following table sets forth the changes in projected benefit obligations and plan assets for all of our pension plans:

	May 31,	
	2012	2011
Change in benefit obligation:		
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$105,091	\$104,530
Benefit obligations from acquired companies	4,651	_
Service cost	1,619	2,143
Interest cost	5,453	5,376
Plan participants' contributions	400	385
Net actuarial (gain) loss	17,387	(6,415)
Benefits paid	(5,455)	(5,248)
Plan change	351	
Curtailment		(1,277)
Translation	(6,537)	5,597
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$122,960	\$105,091
Change in plan assets:		
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 94,422	\$ 78,892
Actual return on plan assets	(8)	9,987
Employer contributions	4,528	4,653
Plan participants' contributions	400	385
Benefits paid	(5,455)	(5,248)
Translation	(6,218)	5,753
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$ 87,669	\$ 94,422
Funded status at end of year	\$(35,291)	\$(10,669)

Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consisted of the following:

	May 31,	
	2012	2011
Other assets	\$ —	\$ 5,498
Accrued liabilities	(1,887)	(1,610)
Other liabilities and deferred income	(33,404)	(14,557)
	<u>\$(35,291)</u>	<u>\$(10,669)</u>

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# 7. Employee Benefit Plans (Continued)

Amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax of \$20,161 and \$12,661 at May 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, consisted of the following:

	May 31,	
	2012	2011
Actuarial loss	\$37,281	\$22,131
Prior service cost	747	564
Total	\$38,028	\$22,695

Information for pension plans with an accumulated benefit obligation in excess of plan assets was as follows:

	May 31,	
	2012	2011
Projected benefit obligation	\$85,158	\$71,057
Accumulated benefit obligation	85,049	70,903
Fair value of plan assets	50,171	54,890

The accumulated benefit obligation for all pension plans was \$118,317 and \$100,529 as of May 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

# Net Periodic Benefit Cost

Pension expense charged to results of operations includes the following components:

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Service cost	\$ 1,619	\$ 2,143	\$ 1,528
Interest cost	5,453	5,376	5,578
Expected return on plan assets	(6,559)	(5,871)	(5,936)
Amortization of prior service cost	150	138	132
Recognized net actuarial loss	990	1,219	1,148
	\$ 1,653	\$ 3,005	\$ 2,450

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# 7. Employee Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### Assumptions

The assumptions used in accounting for our plans are estimates of factors including, among other things, the amount and timing of future benefit payments. The following table presents the key assumptions used in the measurement of our benefit obligations:

	May	31,
	2012	2011
Domestic plans:		
Discount rate	4.14%	5.26%
Rate of compensation increase	2.50	3.50
	May	31,
	May 2012	$\frac{31,}{2011}$
Non-domestic plans:		<u> </u>
Non-domestic plans: Discount rate	2012	<u> </u>

A summary of the weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic pension expense is as follows:

	For the Year Ended May 31,		ded
	2012	2011	2010
Domestic plans:			
Discount rate	5.26%	5.60%	6.82%
Rate of compensation increase	3.50	3.50	3.50
Expected long-term return on plan assets	8.00	8.00	8.50
Non-domestic plans:			
Discount rate	5.54%	4.50%	5.90%
Rate of compensation increase	3.00	3.00	3.00
Expected long-term return on plan assets	5.80	4.50	6.50

The discount rate was determined by projecting the plan's expected future benefit payments as defined for the projected benefit obligation, discounting those expected payments using a theoretical zero-coupon spot yield curve derived from a universe of high-quality bonds as of the measurement date, and solving for the single equivalent discount rate that resulted in the same projected benefit obligation.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 7. Employee Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan Assets

The following table sets forth the actual asset allocation and target allocations for our U.S. pension plans:

	May 31,		Target Asset	
	2012	2011	Allocation	
Equity securities	59%	60%	45 - 75%	
Fixed income securities	22	22	15 - 45%	
Other (fund-of-funds hedge fund)	_19	18	0 - 25%	
	100%	100%		

The assets of U.S pension plans are invested in compliance with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). The investment goals are to provide a total return that, over the long term, optimizes the long-term return on plan assets at an acceptable risk, and to maintain a broad diversification across asset classes and among investment managers. We believe that there are no significant concentrations of risk within our plan assets as of May 31, 2012. Direct investments in our securities and the use of derivatives for the purpose of speculation are not permitted. The assets of the U.S. pension plans are invested primarily in equity and fixed income mutual funds, individual common stocks and fund-of-funds hedge funds.

The assets of the non-domestic plan are invested in compliance with local laws and regulations and are comprised primarily of equity and fixed income mutual funds.

To develop our expected long-term rate of return assumption on domestic plans, we use long-term historical return information for our targeted asset mix and current market conditions.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, pension plan assets at their fair value as of May 31, 2012:

	Level 1 <sup>1</sup>	Level 2 <sup>2</sup>	Level 3 <sup>3</sup>	Total
Equity securities:				
Large/medium capitalization	\$17,500	\$ —	\$ —	\$17,500
Small capitalization	6,379	_	_	6,379
International	5,452	7,460	_	12,912
Fixed income	11,338	25,952	_	37,290
Hedge funds	_	3,837	9,358	13,195
Cash and other	145	248		393
Total investments	\$40,814	\$37,497	\$9,358	\$87,669

<sup>1</sup> Quoted prices in active markets

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Significant other observable inputs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Significant other unobservable inputs

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 7. Employee Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### Cash Flow

The following table summarizes our estimated future pension benefits by fiscal year:

	Fiscal Year					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018 to 2022
Estimated pension benefits	\$8,332	\$5,103	\$6,568	\$5,277	\$5,228	\$30,519

Our contribution policy for the domestic plans is to contribute annually, at a minimum, an amount which is deductible for federal income tax purposes and that is sufficient to meet actuarially computed pension benefits. We anticipate contributing \$5,500 to \$7,500 during fiscal 2013.

#### Additional Information

The estimated amounts for our plans that will be amortized from accumulated other comprehensive loss into expense over the next fiscal year are as follows:

Amortization of net actuarial loss	 \$1,874
Amortization of prior service cost	 \$ 157

### Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

We provide health and life insurance benefits for certain eligible retirees. The postretirement plans are unfunded and in fiscal 1995, we completed termination of postretirement health and life insurance benefits attributable to future services of collective bargaining and other domestic employees. The unfunded projected benefit obligation for this plan was \$1,136 and \$1,187 as of May 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. We have omitted substantially all of the required disclosures related to this plan because the plan is not material to our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

# Defined Contribution Plan

The defined contribution plan is a profit sharing plan which is intended to qualify as a 401(k) plan under the Internal Revenue Code. Under the plan, employees may contribute up to 75% of their pretax compensation, subject to applicable regulatory limits. We may make matching contributions up to 5% of compensation as well as discretionary profit sharing contributions. Our contributions vest on a pro-rata basis during the first three years of employment. We also provide profit sharing benefits for certain executives and key employees to supplement the benefits provided by the defined contribution plan. Expense charged to results of operations for our matching contributions, including profit sharing contributions, was \$13,159 in fiscal 2012, \$10,469 in fiscal 2011 and \$8,065 in fiscal 2010 for these plans.

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### 8. Acquisitions

On December 2, 2011, we acquired Telair and Nordisk. Telair is a leader in the design, manufacture and support of cargo loading systems for wide-body and narrow-body aircraft with established positions on the world's most popular current and next-generation passenger and freighter aircraft. Telair operates from facilities in Germany, Sweden and Singapore. Nordisk designs and manufactures heavy duty pallets and lightweight cargo containers for commercial airlines from facilities in Norway and China. The purchase price of the acquisition was \$280,000 paid at closing, plus or minus a working capital adjustment. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, the working capital adjustment was finalized, which increased the purchase price to \$296,500. The businesses operate as part of our Structures and Systems segment.

On October 11, 2011, we acquired Airinmar, a sophisticated repair, outsourcing and warranty claim manager. Airinmar operates as part of our Aviation Supply Chain segment. Total consideration is estimated to be \$43,500, which included \$23,200 cash paid at closing, and a potential earn-out payment of \$20,300. The potential earn-out payment is based upon Airinmar achieving certain EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) levels over a two-year period, as well as retaining certain key customers. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, a liability of \$20,300 was recognized as an estimate of the acquisition date fair value of the earn-out and was included in *Other non-current liabilities* on our consolidated balance sheet as of February 29, 2012. During the fourth quarter of 2012, this estimate was reduced by \$3,367 and this change in the fair value of the earn-out was recognized in earnings.

We are continuing our review of our fair value estimate of assets acquired and liabilities assumed during the measurement period, which will conclude as soon as we receive the information we are seeking about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date, or learn that more information is not available. This measurement period will not exceed one year from the acquisition date. At the effective date of the acquisition, the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are generally required to be measured at fair value.

Our fair value estimate of assets acquired and liabilities assumed is pending completion of several elements, including the finalization of an independent appraisal and valuations of fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and final review by our management. The primary areas that are not yet finalized relate to the fair value of inventories, property and equipment, intangible assets, favorable or unfavorable contracts, operating leases or commitments, contingent liabilities and income and non-income related taxes. Accordingly, there could be material adjustments to our consolidated financial statements, including changes in our depreciation and amortization expense related to the valuation of property and equipment and intangible assets acquired and their respective useful lives among other adjustments.

The final determination of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed will be based on the established fair value of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired is allocated to goodwill. The final determination of the purchase price, fair values and resulting goodwill may differ significantly from what is reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# 8. Acquisitions (Continued)

The preliminary purchase price allocation for Telair, Nordisk and Airinmar follows:

Cash	\$ 5,200
Accounts receivable	55,100
Inventories	54,500
Prepaid expenses	4,700
Property, plant and equipment	17,600
Deferred tax assets	39,600
Goodwill and identified intangibles	266,300
Notes payable	(1,600)
Accounts payable	(21,400)
Deferred tax liabilities	(39,600)
Accrued liabilities	(32,900)
Other long-term liabilities	(7,500)

The following unaudited pro forma information is provided for acquisitions assuming the Telair, Nordisk and Airinmar acquisitions occurred as of the beginning of fiscal 2011.

	For the Year Ended May 31,			
	201	2		2011
Net sales	\$2,197	7,507	\$2,	046,976
Operating income				163,889
Net income attributable to AAR	74	,788		79,164
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$	1.86	\$	2.00
Diluted	\$	1.81	\$	1.94

#### 9. Aircraft Portfolio

Within our Aviation Supply Chain segment, we own commercial aircraft with joint venture partners as well as aircraft that are wholly-owned. These aircraft are available for lease or sale to commercial air carriers.

#### Aircraft Owned through Joint Ventures

As of May 31, 2012 and 2011, we had ownership interests in 18 and 23 aircraft, respectively, with joint venture partners. As of May 31, 2012 and 2011, our equity investment in the aircraft owned with joint venture partners was approximately \$41,326 and \$39,994, respectively, and is included in *Investment in joint ventures* on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Our aircraft joint ventures represent investments in limited liability companies that are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Our membership interest in each of these limited liability companies is 50% and the primary business of these companies is the acquisition, ownership, lease and disposition of certain commercial aircraft. Aircraft are purchased with cash contributions by the members of the companies and debt financing provided to the limited liability companies on a limited recourse basis. Under the terms of servicing agreements with certain of the limited liability companies, we provide administrative services and technical advisory services, including

## AAR CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

#### 9. Aircraft Portfolio (Continued)

aircraft evaluations, oversight and logistical support of the maintenance process and records management. We also provide remarketing services with respect to the divestiture of aircraft by the limited liability companies. During fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010, we were paid \$600, \$1,289 and \$772, respectively, for such services. The income tax benefit or expense related to the operations of the ventures is recorded by the member companies.

Distributions from joint ventures are classified as operating or investing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows based upon an evaluation of the specific facts and circumstances of each distribution.

Summarized financial information for these limited liability companies is as follows:

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Sales	\$45,736 3,651		. ,
		May	31,
		2012	2011
Balance sheet information:			
Assets		\$169,643	\$219,810
Debt		75,556	127,037
Members' capital		88,794	89,375

## Wholly-Owned Aircraft

In addition to the aircraft owned with joint venture partners, we own two aircraft at May 31, 2012 and we owned five aircraft at May 31, 2011, for our own account that are considered wholly-owned. Our investment in the wholly-owned aircraft, after consideration of financing, is comprised of the following components:

	May 31,	
	2012	2011
Gross carrying value	\$25,168	\$ 44,586
Debt	(8,380)	(14,072)
Capital lease obligation		(6,716)
Net AAR investment	<u>\$16,788</u>	\$ 23,798

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

#### 9. Aircraft Portfolio (Continued)

Information relating to aircraft type, year of manufacture, lessee, lease expiration date and expected disposition upon lease expiration for the 18 aircraft owned with joint venture partners and two whollyowned aircraft is as follows:

Aircraft owned with joint venture partners

Quantity	Aircraft Type	Year Manufactured	Lessee	Lease Expiration Date (FY)	Post-Lease Disposition
$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ \underline{16} \\ \underline{18} \end{array} $	767-300	1991	United Airlines	2016 and 2017	Re-lease
	737-400	Various¹	Malaysia Airlines	Various <sup>2</sup>	Sale/Re-lease

Five aircraft in 1992; eight aircraft in 1993; two aircraft 1994; and one aircraft in 1997

#### Wholly-owned aircraft

Quantity	Aircraft Type	Year Manufactured	Lessee	Lease Expiration Date (FY)	Post-Lease Disposition
1	737-300	1997	Small Planet Airlines	2015	Re-lease
1_	A320	1997	Dombassaero Airlines	2017	Re-lease
2					

### 10. Equipment on Long-Term Lease

In fiscal 2005, we entered into a series of ten-year agreements with a regional airline to provide supply chain services for its fleet of CRJ 700/900, ERJ 145 and CRJ 200 regional jets. As part of the agreements, we purchased from the customer approximately \$58,400 of equipment to support the program. The equipment is included in equipment on long-term lease on the Consolidated Balance Sheet and is being depreciated on a straight-line basis over 10 years to a 30% residual value. The net book value of this equipment was \$30,871 and \$32,200 at May 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Twelve aircraft in 2013 and four aircraft in 2014. The joint venture partners entered into LOIs for sale of four aircraft and an additional four are expected to go under LOI in fiscal 2013.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

#### 11. Commitments and Contingencies

On October 3, 2003, we entered into a sale-leaseback transaction whereby we sold and leased back a facility located in Garden City, New York. The lease is classified as an operating lease. Net proceeds from the sale of the facility were \$13,991 and the cost and related accumulated depreciation of the facility of \$9,472 and \$4,595, respectively, were removed from the Consolidated Balance Sheet at the time of sale. The gain realized on the sale of \$9,114 has been deferred and is being amortized over the 20-year lease term. The unamortized balance of the deferred gain as of May 31, 2012 is \$5,227 and is included in *Other liabilities and deferred income* on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

In addition to the Garden City lease, we lease other facilities and equipment under agreements that are classified as operating leases that expire at various dates through 2034. Under the terms of one of the facility lease agreements, we are entitled to receive rent credits as we increase the space we occupy. During fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010, we received \$239, \$34 and \$47, respectively, of such rent credits. We are treating the rent credits as lease incentives, which are being amortized over the term of the lease. Future minimum payments under all operating leases at May 31, 2012 are as follows:

Year	Facilities and Equipment
2013	\$28,155
2014	23,449
2015	18,789
2016	11,588
2017	9,423
2018 and thereafter	46,295

Rental expense during the past three fiscal years was as follows:

	For the Year Ended May 31,			
	2012	2011	2010	
Facilities and Equipment	\$30,328	\$27,853	\$23,232	
Aviation Equipment			792	

We enter into purchase obligations which arise in the ordinary course of business and represent a binding commitment to acquire inventory, including raw materials, parts and components, as well as equipment to support the operations of our business. The aggregate amount of purchase obligations due in each of the next five fiscal years is \$250,458 in 2013, \$8,034 in 2014, \$412 in 2015 and \$0 in 2016 and 2017.

We routinely issue letters of credit and performance bonds in the ordinary course of our business. These instruments are typically issued in conjunction with insurance contracts or other business requirements. The total of these instruments outstanding at May 31, 2012 was approximately \$16,798.

We are involved in various claims and legal actions, including environmental matters, arising in the ordinary course of business (see Item 3 Legal Proceedings). In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

#### 12. Restructuring and Impairment Charges

In order to improve efficiencies and streamline operations in the Structures and Systems segment, during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012 we decided to close two manufacturing plants and idle one other facility. The financial impact included restructuring and other charges of \$3,700. Approximately \$1,200 was recorded as severance expense and approximately \$2,500 was recorded for asset impairments to reduce the carrying value of certain equipment and inventory to net realizable value. The charges are recorded in *Costs of sales—restructuring and impairment* in the Consolidated Statement of Income.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we decided to offer one narrow body aircraft for sale from our wholly-owned aircraft portfolio and subsequent to May 31, 2011, we entered into a letter of intent to sell the aircraft to a foreign air carrier. As a result, we recorded a \$5,355 pre-tax impairment charge to reduce the carrying value of the aircraft to its net realizable value, which was approximately \$8,850 at May 31, 2011.

#### 13. Gain on Sale of Product Line

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we sold substantially all of the assets of a non-strategic product line within our Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment. Proceeds from the sale were \$10,000 cash paid at closing, and the net carrying value of the assets sold was \$4,078, resulting in a pre-tax gain on sale of product line of \$5,922. The gain on this transaction has been classified as a component of operating income.

#### 14. Other Noncurrent Assets

At May 31, 2012 and 2011, other noncurrent assets consisted of the following:

	May 31,	
	2012	2011
Capitalized program development costs	\$ 91,942	\$ 69,413
Costs in excess of billings	27,872	19,404
Notes receivable	18,869	2,443
Assets under deferred compensation plan	16,315	16,421
Cash surrender value of life insurance	15,632	15,164
Licenses fees	15,072	
Debt issuance costs	10,025	5,281
Other	13,185	14,012
	\$208,912	<u>\$142,138</u>

#### Program Development Costs

In June 2005, we announced that our Cargo Systems business in our Structures and Systems segment was selected to provide cargo handling systems for the new Airbus A400M Military Transport Aircraft ("A400M"). Our portion of the revenue from this program is expected to exceed \$300,000 through fiscal 2021, based on sales projections of the A400M. As of May 31, 2012, we have capitalized, net of reimbursements, \$91,942 of costs associated with the engineering and development of the cargo system. Sales and related cost of sales will be recognized on the units of delivery method.

## AAR CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

#### 14. Other Noncurrent Assets (Continued)

License Fees

In June 2011, we entered into a ten-year agreement with Unison Industries to be the exclusive worldwide aftermarket distributor for Unison's electrical components, sensors, switches and other systems for aircraft and industrial uses. The agreement is expected to generate approximately \$600,000 in revenues for us over its ten-year term. In connection with the agreement, we agreed to pay Unison Industries \$20,000 for the exclusive distribution rights with \$7,000 paid in June 2011, and \$1,300 payable by January 31 of each calendar year beginning in January 2012 through 2021.

As of May 31, 2012, the unamortized balance of the license is \$15,072 and is being amortized over a ten-year period. The current portion of the deferred payments of \$1,160 is recorded in *Accrued liabilities* and the long-term portion of \$7,607 is included in *Other liabilities and deferred income* on the consolidated balance sheet.

#### 15. Business Segment Information

Segment Reporting

We report our activities in four business segments: Aviation Supply Chain; Government and Defense Services; Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul; and Structures and Systems.

Sales in the Aviation Supply Chain segment are derived from the sale and lease of a wide variety of new, overhauled and repaired engine and airframe parts and components principally to the commercial aviation market. We also offer customized inventory supply chain management programs and aircraft component repair management services. Sales also include the sale and lease of commercial aircraft and jet engines and technical and advisory services. Cost of sales consists principally of the cost of product, direct labor, overhead (primarily indirect labor, facility cost and insurance) and the cost of lease revenue (primarily depreciation and insurance).

Sales in the Government and Defense Services segment are derived from the sale of new and overhauled engine and airframe parts and components, customized performance based logistics programs, expeditionary airlift services, aircraft modifications and engineering, design, and integration services to our government and defense customers. Cost of sales consists principally of the cost of the product (primarily aircraft and engine parts), direct labor, overhead and aircraft maintenance costs.

Sales in the Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul segment are principally derived from aircraft maintenance and modifications, engineering services, painting, and the repair, overhaul and exchange of landing gear. Cost of sales consists principally of the cost of product (primarily replacement aircraft parts), direct labor and overhead.

Sales in the Structures and Systems segment are derived from the engineering, design and manufacture of containers, pallets and shelters used to support the U.S. military's requirements for a mobile and agile force, heavy-duty pallets and lightweight cargo containers for the commercial market, complex machined and fabricated parts, components and sub-systems for various aerospace and defense programs and other applications, in-plane cargo loading and handling systems for commercial and military applications and composite products for aviation and industrial use. Cost of sales consists principally of the cost of product, direct labor and overhead.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

## 15. Business Segment Information (Continued)

The accounting policies for the segments are the same as those described in Note 1. Our chief operating decision making officer (Chief Executive Officer) evaluates performance based on the reportable segments and utilizes gross profit as a primary profitability measure. The expenses and assets related to corporate activities are not allocated to the segments. Our reportable segments are aligned principally around differences in products and services.

Gross profit is calculated by subtracting cost of sales from sales. Selected financial information for each segment is as follows:

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Net sales:			
Aviation Supply Chain	\$ 588,406	\$ 465,108	\$ 405,955
Government and Defense Services	552,687	571,343	194,944
Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul	422,169	393,671	301,348
Structures and Systems	501,736	374,990	449,904
	\$2,064,998	\$1,805,112	<u>\$1,352,151</u>
	For th	he Year Ended M	ay 31,
	2012	2011	2010
Gross profit:			
Aviation Supply Chain	\$ 106,029	\$ 76,247	\$ 70,490
Government and Defense Services	78,635	105,538	42,304
Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul	55,488	55,871	38,206
Structures and Systems	78,405	69,400	92,519
	\$ 318,557	\$ 307,056	\$ 243,519
		May 31,	
	2012	2011	2010
Total assets:			
Aviation Supply Chain	\$ 628,434	\$ 533,315	\$ 546,067
Government and Defense Services	537,679	501,351	307,864
Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul	224,752	234,701	220,159
Structures and Systems	644,570	293,437	276,297
Corporate	160,218	140,923	149,794
	\$2,195,653	\$1,703,727	\$1,500,181

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

## 15. Business Segment Information (Continued)

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Capital expenditures: Aviation Supply Chain	\$ 4,894 67,909	\$ 2,714 107,699	\$ 3,965 2,830
Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul	5,844	5,329	7,097
Structures and Systems	11,135	5,912	12,914
Corporate	1,436	3,225	2,049
	<u>\$91,218</u>	<u>\$124,879</u>	\$28,855
	For the	Year Ended	May 31,
	2012	2011	2010
Depreciation and amortization:			
Aviation Supply Chain	\$15,580	\$ 12,126	\$13,472
Government and Defense Services	39,386	26,572	4,007
Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul	6,284	6,661	6,904
Structures and Systems	14,559	9,066	10,625
Corporate	4,524	4,871	3,922
	<u>\$80,333</u>	\$ 59,296	\$38,930

The following table reconciles segment gross profit to consolidated income before provision for income taxes.

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Segment gross profit	\$ 318,557	\$ 307,056	\$ 243,519
Selling, general and administrative	(189,397)	(182,694)	(153,299)
Gain on sale of product line	_	5,922	_
Earnings from joint ventures	1,542	3,344	112
(Loss) gain on extinguishment of debt	(664)	97	893
Interest expense	(37,772)	(30,667)	(26,832)
Interest income	1,243	349	945
Loss on sale of investments			(1,150)
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 93,509	<u>\$ 103,407</u>	\$ 64,188

## AAR CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

## 15. Business Segment Information (Continued)

No single non-government customer represents 10% or more of total sales in any of the last three fiscal years. Sales to the U.S. Department of Defense, other U.S. government agencies and their contractors by segment are as follows:

	For the Year Ended May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Aviation Supply Chain	\$ 15,098	\$ 16,516	\$ 10,372
Government and Defense Services	517,531	524,129	162,575
Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul	29,482	31,538	34,179
Structures and Systems	326,378	320,883	400,222
	\$888,489	\$893,066	\$607,348
Percentage of total sales	43.0%	49.5%	44.9%

#### Geographic Data

	May 31,	
	2012	2011
Long-lived assets:		
United States	\$ 882,400	\$777,791
Europe	248,370	11,830
Other	1,611	121
	\$1,132,381	\$789,742

Sales to unaffiliated customers in foreign countries, the majority of which are located in Europe, the Middle East, Canada, Mexico, South America and Asia (including sales through foreign sales offices of domestic subsidiaries), were approximately \$435,663 (21.1% of total sales), \$330,213 (18.3% of total sales) and \$289,435 (21.4% of total sales) in fiscal 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

# AAR CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

## 16. Selected Quarterly Data (Unaudited)

The unaudited selected quarterly data for fiscal years ended May 31, 2012 and 2011 follows.

#### Fiscal 2012

	First quarter	Second quarter	Third quarter	Fourth quarter	Full year
Sales	\$485,535	\$481,922	\$534,195	\$563,346	\$2,064,998
Gross profit	75,708	78,556	86,958	77,335	318,557
Net income attributable to AAR	16,649	17,532	20,663	12,879	67,723
Diluted earnings per share	0.41	0.43	0.50	0.32	$1.65^{1}$
Dividends declared	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.30
Market price					
High	31.42	23.04	23.37	22.68	31.42
Low	21.89	15.17	16.72	12.05	12.05

#### Fiscal 2011

	First quarter	Second quarter	Third quarter	Fourth quarter	Full year
Sales	\$412,197	\$447,054	\$458,035	\$487,826	\$1,805,112
Gross profit	70,888	74,176	78,793	83,199	307,056
Net income attributable to AAR	13,674	16,814	17,918	21,420	69,826
Diluted earnings per share	0.35	0.42	0.44	0.52	1.73
Dividends declared	_			0.075	0.075
Market price					
High	19.15	24.56	29.03	28.06	29.03
Low	15.23	16.48	25.19	25.02	15.23

The earnings-per-share computation for the year is a separate, annual calculation. Accordingly, the sum of the quarterly earnings-per-share amounts do not necessarily equal the earnings per share for the year.

### 17. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

	May 31,		
	2012	2011	2010
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 5,719	\$4,773	\$ 4,677
Provision charged to operations	2,359	1,315	2,505
Deductions for accounts written off, net of recoveries	(1,551)	(369)	(2,409)
Balance, end of year	\$ 6,527	\$5,719	\$ 4,773

## ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Not Applicable.

#### ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As required by Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of May 31, 2012. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures. Therefore, effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives. Based upon our evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of May 31, 2012, ensuring that information required to be disclosed in the reports that are filed under the Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three-month period ended May 31, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### MANAGEMENT REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management of AAR CORP is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Act. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems which are determined to be effective provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting based on criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting described in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

Based on our assessment, management concluded that the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2012.

The scope of managements' assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting includes all of the Company's business units except for Telair and Nordisk, which were acquired by the Company on December 2, 2011, and Airinmar, which was acquired by the Company on October 11, 2011. Consolidated sales for the year-ended May 31, 2012 were \$2,064,998, of which Telair, Nordisk and Airinmar represented \$93,880, \$25,549 and \$26,058, respectively. Consolidated assets as of May 31, 2012 were \$2,195,653, of which Telair, Nordisk and Airinmar represented \$287,587, \$53,570 and \$46,486, respectively.

KPMG LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, has issued a report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. That report appears below.

#### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

#### TO THE STOCKHOLDERS AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF AAR CORP.:

We have audited AAR CORP and subsidiaries' (the Company) internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2012, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2012, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by COSO.

The scope of managements' assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2012 includes all of the Company's business units except for Telair International GmbH ("Telair") and Nordisk Aviation Products, AS ("Nordisk"), which were acquired by the Company on December 2, 2011, and Airinmar Holdings Limited ("Airinmar"), which was acquired by the Company on October 11, 2011. Consolidated sales for the year-ended May 31, 2012 were \$2,064,998, of which Telair, Nordisk and Airinmar represented \$93,880, \$25,549 and \$26,058, respectively. Consolidated assets as of May 31, 2012 were \$2,195,653, of which Telair, Nordisk and Airinmar represented \$287,587, \$53,570 and \$46,486, respectively. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting of the Company also excluded an evaluation of the internal control over financial reporting of Airinmar, Telair and Nordisk.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of May 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended May 31, 2012, and our report dated July 19, 2012 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois July 19, 2012

#### ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

#### **PART III**

#### ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required by this item regarding the Directors of the Company and nominees for election of the Board is incorporated by reference to the information contained under the caption "Information about our Director Nominees and our Continuing Directors" in our definitive proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

The information required by this item regarding the Executive Officers of the Company appears under the caption "Executive Officers of the Registrant" in Part I, Item 4 above.

The information required by this item regarding the compliance with Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is incorporated by reference to the information contained under the caption "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance" in our definitive proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

The information required by this item regarding the identification of the Audit Committee as a separately-designated standing committee of the Board and the status of one or more members of the Audit Committee being an "audit committee financial expert" is incorporated by reference to the information contained under the caption "Corporate Governance—Board Committees" in our definitive proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

The information required by this item regarding our Code of Business Ethics and Conduct applicable to our directors, officers and employees is incorporated by reference to the information contained under the caption "Corporate Governance—Code of Business Ethics and Conduct" in our definitive proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which stockholders may recommend nominees to the Company's board of directors. The information regarding these procedures is incorporated by reference to the information contained under the caption "Corporate Governance—Director Nominations and Qualifications" in our definitive proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

#### ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference to the information contained under the following captions: (a) "Executive Compensation—Compensation Committee's Report on Executive Compensation for Fiscal 2012," (b) "Executive Compensation—Summary Compensation," (c) "Executive Compensation—Fiscal 2012 Grants of Plan-Based Awards," (d) "Executive Compensation—Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End Table," (e) "Executive Compensation—Fiscal 2012 Option Exercises and Stock Vested," (f) "Executive Compensation—Fiscal 2012 Pension Benefits," (g) "Executive Compensation—Fiscal 2012 Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation," (h) "Executive Compensation—Potential Payments Upon Termination of Employment or Change in Control of the Company," (i) "Corporate Governance—Director Compensation," and (j) "Corporate Governance—Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation" in our definitive proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

## ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by this item regarding security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management is incorporated by reference to the information contained under the caption "Security Ownership of Management and Others" in our definitive proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

The following table provides information as of May 31, 2012 with respect to the Company's compensation plans under which equity securities of the Company are authorized for issuance (shares in thousands):

	Equity Compensation Plan Information		
	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
	(a)	(b)	(c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	1,703	\$17.96	2,323
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders			
Total	<u>1,703</u>	<u>\$17.96</u>	2,323

## ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference to the information contained under the captions "Corporate Governance—Director Independence" and "Corporate Governance—Related Person Transaction Policy" in our definitive proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

#### ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference to the information contained under the caption "Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Fees and Services" in our definitive proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

#### PART IV

## ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

## (a)(1) and (2) Financial Statements and Financial Statement Disclosures

The following financial statements are filed as a part of this report under "Item 8—Financial Statements and Supplementary Data".

	Page
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	30
Financial Statements—AAR CORP. and Subsidiaries:	
Consolidated Statements of Income for the three years ended May 31, 2012	31
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of May 31, 2012 and 2011	32-33
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the three years ended May 31, 2012	34
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three years ended May 31, 2012	35
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	36-73
Selected quarterly data (unaudited) for the years ended May 31, 2012 and 2011 (Note 16 of	
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements)	73

#### (a)(3) Exhibits

The Exhibits filed as part of this report are set forth in the Exhibit Index contained elsewhere herein. Management contracts and compensatory arrangements have been marked with an asterisk (\*) on the Exhibit Index.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this annual report on Form 10-K to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AAR CORP. (Registrant)

Date: July 19, 2012 BY: /s/ DAVID P. STORCH

David P. Storch

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this annual report on Form 10-K has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ DAVID P. STORCH	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer;	
David P. Storch	Director (Principal Executive Officer)	
/s/ TIMOTHY J. ROMENESKO	President and Chief Operating Officer;	
Timothy J. Romenesko	Director	
/s/ RICHARD J. POULTON	Vice President, Chief Financial Officer	
Richard J. Poulton	and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)	
/s/ MICHAEL J. SHARP	Vice President and Controller	
Michael J. Sharp	(Principal Accounting Officer)	
/s/ Norman R. Bobins	Director	
Norman R. Bobins	_	
/s/ MICHAEL R. BOYCE	Director	1 1 10 2012
Michael R. Boyce	_	July 19, 2012
/s/ James G. Brocksmith, Jr.	Director	
James G. Brocksmith, Jr.		
/s/ Ronald R. Fogleman	Director	
Ronald R. Fogleman		
/s/ James E. Goodwin	Director	
James E. Goodwin		
/s/ PATRICK J. KELLY	Director	
Patrick J. Kelly		
/s/ Peter Pace	Director	
Peter Pace		
/s/ MARC J. WALFISH	Director	
Marc J. Walfish		
/s/ Ronald B. Woodard	Director	
Ronald B. Woodard		

Index Exhibits 3. Articles of Incorporation 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation.<sup>10</sup> and By-Laws 3.2 By-Laws, as amended and restated through July 9, 2008.<sup>24</sup> 4. Instruments defining the 4.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation (see Exhibit 3.1). rights of security holders 4.2 By-Laws, as amended and restated through July 9, 2008 (See Exhibit 3.2). Rights Agreement between the Registrant and 4.3 Computershare Trust Company dated July 11, 2007.<sup>19</sup> Indenture dated October 15, 1989 between the Registrant 4.4 and U.S. Bank Trust National Association (formerly known as First Trust, National Association, as successor in interest to Continental Bank, National Association) as Trustee, relating to debt securities;<sup>1</sup> First Supplemental Indenture thereto dated August 26, 1991;<sup>2</sup> Second Supplemental Indenture thereto dated December 10, 1997.4 4.5 Loan Agreement dated July 15, 2005 between Registrant's Subsidiary, AAR Wood Dale LLC and Principal Commercial Funding, LLC.<sup>12</sup> 4.6 Form of 1.75% Senior Convertible Note. 14 Indenture between AAR CORP. and U.S. Bank, National 4.7 Association, as trustee, dated February 1, 2006.<sup>14</sup> Form of 1.625% Convertible Senior Note due 2014.<sup>22</sup> 4.8 Form of 2.25% Convertible Senior Note due 2016.<sup>22</sup> 4.9 Indenture for 1.625% Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 4.10 between AAR CORP. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated as of February 11, 2008.<sup>22</sup> 4.11 Indenture for 2.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2016 between AAR CORP. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated as of February 11, 2008.<sup>22</sup> 4.12 Master Loan Agreement between EP Aviation, LLC and The Huntington National Bank dated as of April 23, 2010, together with the Guaranty dated April 23, 2010 made by AAR CORP. in favor of the Huntington Bank.<sup>28</sup> Indenture providing for Issuance of Debt Securities 4.13 between AAR CORP. as Issuer and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee dated as of December 1, 2010.<sup>32</sup> 4.14 Indenture providing for Issuance of Subordinated Debt Securities between AAR CORP, as Issuer and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee dated as of December 1,  $2010.^{32}$ 

**Index** Exhibits

		4.15	CORP., Bank of America National Association, as administrative agent, and the various financial institutions party thereto, <sup>33</sup> as amended August 26, 2011 and October 13, 2011. <sup>35</sup>
		4.16	Indenture dated as of January 23, 2012, governing the 7.25% Senior Notes Due 2022, by and among AAR, certain subsidiary guarantees identified therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. <sup>36</sup>
		4.17	Form of 7.25% Note due 2022.36
		4.18	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of January 23, 2012, among AAR, the guarantors identified therein, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Morgan Stanley Co. LLC, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, Loop Capital Markets LLC, and U.S. Bancorp Investments, Inc. <sup>36</sup>
		4.19	Loan Agreement dated as of March 9, 2012 between AAR Corp. and Development Bank of Japan Inc. <sup>37</sup>
			Pursuant to Item 601(b)(4)(iii)(A) of Regulation S-K, the Registrant is not filing certain documents. The Registrant agrees to furnish a copy of each such document upon the request of the Commission.
10.	Material Contracts	10.1*	Amended and Restated AAR CORP. Stock Benefit Plan effective October 1, 2001, <sup>7</sup> as amended June 27, 2003, <sup>8</sup> May 5, 2005, <sup>11</sup> July 12, 2005, <sup>15</sup> June 23, 2006, <sup>18</sup> January 23, 2007, <sup>18</sup> January 27, 2007, <sup>23</sup> and July 11, 2011. <sup>34</sup>
		10.2*	AAR CORP. Directors' Retirement Plan, dated April 14, 1992, <sup>3</sup> amended May 26, 2000 <sup>5</sup> and April 10, 2001. <sup>6</sup>
		10.3*	AAR CORP. Supplemental Key Employee Retirement Plan, as Amended and Restated effective January 1, 2005, 16 as amended July 11, 2007, 18 October 17, 2007 <sup>23</sup> and June 11, 2010. 31
		10.4*	Amended and Restated Severance and Change in Control Agreement dated August 1, 2000 between the Registrant and Michael J. Sharp. <sup>6</sup>
		10.5*	Amended and Restated Severance and Change in Control Agreement dated April 11, 2000 between the Registrant and Timothy J. Romenesko <sup>5</sup> , as amended June 14, 2010. <sup>30</sup>
		10.6*	AAR CORP. Nonemployee Directors' Deferred Compensation Plan, as Amended and Restated effective January 1, 2005. <sup>17</sup>
		10.7	Indenture dated October 3, 2003 between AAR Distribution, Inc. and iStar Garden City LLC.9

**Index** Exhibits

10.8	Lease Agreement dated October 3, 2003 between AAR Allen Services, Inc., as tenant and iStar Garden City LLC, as Landlord, and related Guaranty dated October 3, 2003 from Registrant to iStar Garden City LLC. <sup>9</sup>
10.9	Lease Agreement by and between Indianapolis Airport Authority and AAR Aircraft Services, Inc. dated as of June 14, 2004, as amended January 21, 2005, 11 May 19, 2006, 17 May 16, 2008 <sup>27</sup> and March 2, 2010. 31
10.10*	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (filed herewith).
10.11*	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement (filed herewith).
10.12*	Form of Performance Restricted Stock Agreement (filed herewith).
10.13*	Form of Non-Employee Director Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (filed herewith).
10.14*	Form of Director Restricted Stock Agreement (filed herewith).
10.15*	Form of Split Dollar Insurance Agreement. <sup>17</sup>
10.16	Confirmation of OTC Convertible Note Hedge Transaction for 2014 Notes, dated February 5, 2008, by and between AAR CORP., and Merrill Lynch Financial Markets, Inc. <sup>21</sup>
10.17	Confirmation of OTC Convertible Note Hedge Transaction for 2016 Notes, dated February 5, 2008, by and between AAR CORP., and Merrill Lynch Financial Markets, Inc. <sup>21</sup>
10.18	Confirmation of OTC Warrant Transaction for 2014 Notes, dated February 5, 2008, by and between AAR CORP., and Merrill Lynch Financial Markets, Inc. <sup>21</sup>
10.19	Confirmation of OTC Warrant Transaction for 2016 Notes, dated February 5, 2008, by and between AAR CORP., and Merrill Lynch Financial Markets, Inc. <sup>21</sup>
10.20*	Form of Severance and Change in Control Agreement effective from and after July 9, 2008 (entered into between the Registrant and each of Richard J. Poulton and Robert J. Regan). <sup>24</sup>
10.21	Form of Directors' and Officers' Indemnification Agreement. <sup>25</sup>
10.22*	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated May 31, 2010 between Registrant and David P. Storch. <sup>29</sup>
10.23*	Form of Amendment to the Severance and Change in Control Agreement (applicable to Messrs. Romenesko, Clark and Sharp). <sup>26</sup>
10.24*	Form of Amendment to the Severance and Change in Control Agreement (applicable to Messrs. Poulton and Regan). <sup>26</sup>
	10.9  10.10*  10.11* 10.12*  10.13*  10.15* 10.16  10.17  10.18  10.19  10.20*  10.21  10.22*  10.23*

	Index		Exhibits
		10.25*	Short-Term Incentive Plan for Senior Executives. <sup>31</sup>
21.	Subsidiaries of the Registrant	21.1	Subsidiaries of AAR CORP. (filed herewith).
23.	Consents of experts and counsel	23.1	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (filed herewith).
31.	Rule 13a-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) Certifications	31.1	Section 302 Certification dated July 19, 2012 of David P. Storch, Chief Executive Officer of Registrant (filed herewith).
		31.2	Section 302 Certification dated July 19, 2012 of Richard J. Poulton, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Registrant (filed herewith).
32.	Rule 13a-14(b)/15d-14(b) Certifications	32.1	Section 906 Certification dated July 19, 2012 of David P. Storch, Chief Executive Officer of Registrant (filed herewith).
		32.2	Section 906 Certification dated July 19, 2012 of Richard J. Poulton, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Registrant (filed herewith).
101.	Interactive Data File	101	The following materials from the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2012, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets at May 31, 2012 and 2011, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, (iv) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the three years ended May 31, 2012 and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.**

#### Notes:

- \*\* Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the Interactive Data Files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended November 30, 1989.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed August 27, 1991.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 1992.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 10, 1997.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2000.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2001.

- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended November 30, 2001.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2003.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended November 30, 2003.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2004.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2005.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 15, 2005.
- <sup>13</sup> Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended November 30, 2005.
- <sup>14</sup> Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 1, 2006.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended February 28, 2006.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 9, 2006.
- <sup>17</sup> Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2006.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2007.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 12, 2007.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 5, 2007.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 11, 2008.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 14, 2008.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended February 29, 2008.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 11, 2008.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended August 31, 2008.
- <sup>26</sup> Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended February 28, 2009.
- <sup>27</sup> Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended August 31, 2009.

- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2010.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 8, 2010.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 18, 2010.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2010.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended November 30, 2010.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 14, 2011.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended August 31, 2011.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 11, 2011.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 23, 2012.
- Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 9, 2012.

#### **CERTIFICATION**

- I, David P. Storch, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of AAR CORP. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

DATE: July 19, 2012

/s/ DAVID P. STORCH

David P. Storch Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

#### **CERTIFICATION**

- I, Richard J. Poulton, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of AAR CORP. (the "Registrant");
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit
  to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under
  which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

DATE: July 19, 2012

/s/ RICHARD J. POULTON

Richard J. Poulton Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the AAR CORP. (the "Company") Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ending May 31, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, David P. Storch, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: July 19, 2012 /s/ DAVID P. STORCH

David P. Storch Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the AAR CORP. (the "Company") Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ending May 31, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Richard J. Poulton, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: July 19, 2012 /s/ RICHARD J. POULTON

Richard J. Poulton Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

## Stockholder Information

#### CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS

AAR CORP.

1100 North Wood Dale Road Wood Dale, Illinois 60191 Telephone: 630-227-2000 Facsimile: 630-227-2059 www.aarcorp.com

#### TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR

Computershare Trust Company, N.A. Providence, Rhode Island

#### INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

KPMG, LLP Chicago, Illinois

#### ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

The annual meeting of stockholders will be held at 9:00 a.m. (Chicago time) on Wednesday, October 10, 2012, at AAR's Corporate Headquarters, 1100 North Wood Dale Road, Wood Dale, Illinois 60191.

#### THE INVESTOR SERVICE PROGRAM

AAR CORP. provides its stockholders the opportunity to purchase additional shares of common stock of the Company by automatic reinvestment of dividends and optional additional investments. Stockholders may obtain information regarding this plan by contacting the Corporate Secretary, AAR CORP., 1100 North Wood Dale Road, Wood Dale, Illinois 60191.

#### TICKER SYMBOL

AAR stock is traded on the New York and Chicago Stock Exchanges under the ticker symbol AIR.

## Comparison of Cumulative Five-Year Total Return<sup>1</sup>

The following chart compares five-year cumulative total stockholder return (including reinvestment of dividends).



<sup>1</sup> Assumes \$100 invested on May 31, 2007, and reinvestment of dividends in the Company's common stock, the S&P 500 Index and the Proxy Peer Group listed in the AAR CORP. 2012 Proxy Statement. The S&P 500 Index is comprised of domestic industry leaders in four major sectors: Industrials, Financials, Utilities and Transportation, and serves as a broad indicator of the performance of the U.S. equity market. The Proxy Peer Group companies are listed in the CD&A section of the AAR CORP. 2012 Proxy Statement.

